

# THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XV., NO. 4498

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., MONDAY, JUNE 19, 1899.

PRICE 2 CENTS

## Are You Afflicted With Rupture?

If so you can be PERMANENTLY CURED without any loss of time from business.

This means that you will discard your truss forever. No money required until cure is effected.

All information regarding method of treatment will be cheerfully given by

M. G. WILEY, M. D.,

**AMERICAN RUPTURE CURE CO.,**  
2 MARKET ST., PORTSMOUTH.

OFFICE HOURS:—9 to 11 A. M., 2 to 4 and 7 to 8 P. M. SUNDAYS 10 to 12 A. M.

Parents are advised that we have at hand for vacation use all the necessary garments for the boys. Strong, durable suits and odd pants, blouses, overalls, shirts and stockings.

For small boys a large line of wash suits and blouses.

In our Men's Department a full stock of thin suits, pants, underwear, hosiery, bicycle and golf suits, crash suits and pants.

**HENRY PEYSER & SON**

## A NEW HARNESS.

You Can Get One Made To Order At  
**JOHN S. TILTON'S**  
That Will Please You.

Repairing Attended to Promptly.

IF YOU ONCE WEAR  
**THE AURORA KID BUTTON SHOE**  
You Will Wear No Other,  
- Price, \$3.00, -  
EQUAL TO ANY \$3.50 OR \$4.00 SHOE

**GREEN & GOULD** Sole Agents.  
6 & 8 Congress Street.  
It is worth seeing our miniature and complete working shoe factory. The finest machinery built.  
We do all kinds of repairing at short notice.

**GOLF GOODS, LAWN TENNIS**  
AND  
**BASE BALL OUTFITS.**

**A. P. Wendell & Co.**

### "RETURN OF THE SONS."

Reminiscences of Portsmouth's Greatest Celebration.

In his Sunday letter to the Boston Globe, I. P. Miller of this city has the following:

When the governor first suggested such a movement as "Old Home Week" papers in and out of the state, speaking approvingly of it, referred to the former homecomings of the Sons of Portsmouth as having been somewhat similar, at least in conception. So they were—at least the first was, for though the visit of the absentees was only for a day, it was a day of genuine social and family reunions, and no celebration anywhere could ever be more genuinely successful than the first "Return of the Sons of Portsmouth" on the Fourth of July, 1853.

The idea of a general return to the old homestead of the sons of Portsmouth resident abroad was first suggested by the late B. P. Shillaber—"Mrs. Partington," then living in Boston, and was quickly taken up by the many other former Portsmouth men then residing in Boston and neighboring places in Massachusetts.

And it was a great home coming. The old city was never more elaborately decorated—at least it never had been up to that time—than on that day. Flags and bunting were everywhere; flowers, pictures, mottoes, arches. When the morning train arrived from Boston, with the big Massachusetts delegation, a procession was formed at the creek, and with bands and military escort marched through the principal streets, which were thronged with the people of the city, men, women and children, and almost the entire population of the towns within ten miles of Portsmouth on both sides of the river.

The procession was headed by the East Boston brass band; the Boston and Lowell delegations had Bond's Boston cornet band, then a famous musical organization; the New York and Philadelphia delegations had the band of the U. S. receiving ship North Carolina; and a band from Saco, Me., led the long and fine industrial procession that brought up the rear of the column.

About noon the parade dismissed on Market square, and the members scattered over the city to their former homes, or the homes of their friends, and at 3 in the afternoon they assembled again in a big tent pitched in the court house grounds, now the city yard, where an abundant collation was served.

Following the dinner were numerous speeches and toasts, among the speakers being Francis E. Parker, Charles Levi Woodbury and Rev. Thomas Starr King of Boston; James T. Fields and B. P. Shillaber read poems, and it was not until about 7 30 p. m. that the benediction was pronounced by the late Rev. Dr. A. P. Peabody, then minister of the Unitarian church of this city.

There were in Portsmouth that day, as guests of the city and its residents, nearly 800 persons, gathered from all over the Union, and with very few exceptions natives of the old town.

The first "Return of the Sons" was the greatest celebration Portsmouth ever had. It was conceived and carried out in the spirit of Gov. Rollins' suggested Old Home week, and the old fellows who came home on that first "return"—and there are still a good number of them left—are never tired of telling about it, and what a genuine good time it was.

### MASSABESIC RUM-FREE.

Sheriff Pender Has Purified The Resort.

Everything was quiet at Lake Massabesic Sunday. It was dry too. That is, as far as Auburn and the Manchester sides were concerned.

There were more people out, and these of a better class, than have heretofore visited the resort.

Once nearly every one of the houses where formerly liquor has been sold was the placard, "Closed." It was impossible to buy a drink anywhere.

The week in which the liquor dealers were allowed to dispose of their stock and quit business expired Friday night, and a visit from the sheriff was momentarily expected after that. Consequently every one was on the alert and had their places carefully guarded.

Early Saturday evening Sheriff Pender of Portsmouth, accompanied by three deputies, dropped in on the scene and walked around the circuit. Everything was pronounced satisfactory and it remained so through yesterday. The sheriff did not leave until last night. All places were closely watched.

Up to sunset not a drink was seen, nor was there any disorder.—Manchester Union.

### TEA TABLE TALK.

ALL THE SAME.

Somegarret said, "I don't care for bread." A loud hearted laugh burst out from the lips of the other guests. "I don't care for bread," said the other, "but I care for a good loaf."

A toast, and then some tart old wine—A warm nap, where the old folks shone—A board of gold—a plate to smother—And this is home and life for another.

But whether at the table, or in the home, where the old folks shone—He ours dark days of to-day—They shall be cast aside our day.

And then for him who drank old wine, And then for him who had to pine—On garret straw—the old shall press—Upon each with the same care.

What matters it to us poor we were, Or if we were rich and free—For we forget to fight and fuss—When death, the stranger, comes to us.

M. n. was not born to labor in the sun. I have reached this conclusion after sober deliberation. I did not delve in philosophical treatises for sidelights on the subject. I simply studied the make-up of the average man. I don't believe there ever lived a man who was eager to work during hot weather. With each successive sweltering day, the conviction is pressed home to me that the great plan of life has become sadly twisted in some way, forcing us to not only broil in the summer heat but to exert ourselves besides.

The evolution of civilization is responsible for the lamentable condition of affairs. The old days of wampum wilderness and war whoops were the happy ones. Then the Indians could take a nap at midday in any old field or park without having the soles of their feet rapped by the club of a pompous park policeman wearing a helmet three sizes too large for him. Then the squaws could invade anybody's huckleberry pasture without fear of an irate farmer brandishing a pitch fork.

Then, indeed, the people of this country did very little work during the summer solstice. They took life just as easily as they could. If the heat became insufferable, the braves would anchor themselves to a reed on the river bank, stretch out in the water up to their chins and with a grant of satisfaction go to sleep with the current rippling around their classic features. Yes, those were happy days.

Bryalism is making the country bilious, and a strong remedy will have to be applied at the next presidential election.

Certainly the people were uncivilized, but nobody starved to death or failed for three cents on the dollar, and yet labor was suspended in the summer. Once in a while the squaws would sew a bone button on their liege lords' leggings and a buck would go arrowing for a deer, but that was not labor. All of North America was then one vast loafing place from June till October.

The Mexicans (sensible people) adopted this custom of the Aborigines and still cling to it. They loaf away the hot days, or a goodly portion of them. Down there in the land of the Monte zumas, when the sun nears the noon mark on the dial the shopkeepers look up, seek the shade of the cool stone walls of the courts and their murmuring fountains and with sluggish hearts, a glass of wine at their elbow and a cigarette between their teeth, let the world take care of itself till the decline of the afternoon. Nobody is ever sunstruck in Mexico. Very few ever perspire. The flash of the fountains is tenfold more of a charm to them on a blistering day than all the silver which New York merchants take in in a month.

We call the Mexicans "slow" and "behind the times." In our estimation they are shiftless. Civilization has not yet laid her hand on these dusky idlers so firmly as she has on us. Consequently they act as nature prompts them. They are honest in their summer living. They say, "We feel lazy, so we are lazy." And, pray, does nature prompt us of the cultured north to fume and fret and stew from June to September? Where is the man who does not feel like locking tight his office door and throwing away the key when the hot season sets in?

Doesn't he long to go far out into the country, find a patch of shadow beside some purling stream and, ripping off his starched collar, Ascot tie, cuffs and all, stretch himself comfortably on the cool moss? Certainly. If we weren't so foolishly tied up with an absorbing desire for money, we should be honest

about this thing, take our ease more in the summer, as nature wants us to, and let the whole world and collection of worlds go to Hades. But we don't. O no, we keep up our everlasting scratching for coin, even though the midsummer sun streams into our offices with force enough to set the ink sizzling, warp the pens and make the chair so hot that we have to use chopped ice for a cushion.

But we are "civilized," even though we rush around like idiots under burning skies. We are "civilized," even though hundreds fall dead on the red hot pavements of New York and Chicago. And the Mexicans are "fools," though they meet hot weather on its own ground and conquer it. Then blessed be fools!

FOUR.

### THE INTERVIEWER.

"Said a well known fisherman this morning: 'Well, the Viking cleared herself Sunday of the standing reproach that has been upon her for some time. You know it had become a general saying that an excursion on the Viking always meant rain. The pretty craft evened things up yesterday, though by steaming proudly to the Shoals and back in as nice weather as we have had any Sunday this year.'"

A local market man said today, "The market for spring vegetables has not yet felt the effects of the drought in prices, for everything so far comes from the South. [The drought, however, will make the market for local produce late as well as scarce. Consequently there will be an era of high prices after the southern crop is over and before the late northern crops are due."]

"Biting accidents have commenced in earnest," remarked a physician today. "I had three to attend to last Friday and another Sunday. A few were very anxious that their names shouldn't get into the papers. You see, they were all more or less amateurs and they feared the jibes of their friends on being spilled."

A Dover citizen said to a *Herald* man this afternoon, "I think all this talk about Harry Hough being in hiding around Dover is nonsense. Why, he's probably down in Peru by this time holding an office in that jute-bag manufactory run by some of the wayward bank men who have flown from this country. You know Charley Morrill was treasurer of the concern and Frank McKean, the Nashua embezzler, is secretary, I believe. I don't know who is president, but Hough would make a good man for the place."

Observed an old camper this morning: "Here are a few things worth remembering if you are going to camp out this summer: Spread your tent out on the grass, and if there are any holes mend them at once. If you have not got a canvas fly get one if possible. There should be about eight inches between the sides of a fly and the top of the tent. This will allow plenty of air to circulate and will do much toward making a tent comfortable and cool."

If you don't know how to cook meats and vegetables go out in the kitchen and study a little frying-pan science. Most of all learn how to make soda biscuits. There is nothing nicer with a good hot camp supper than nicely browned soda biscuits. Have the box in which the provisions are packed one that you can use as a cupboard.

In making up your party choose companions who are unselfish. Selfishness will rust the best kind of happiness in camp. Go with the idea of making the best of everything, and don't complain.

### A QUIET HOME WEDDING.

Neal-Fernald Nuptials Take Place This Afternoon.

The wedding of Miss Edith Mand Neal of this city and Mr. William Lincoln Fernald of Boston occurred at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Annie S. Neal, on Daniel street, at three o'clock this afternoon. The ceremony was private. The Rev. William Warren officiated. Mr. and Mrs. Fernald left on the five o'clock train for Boston, where they will make their residence.

Both the contracting parties are popular young people, and they received a rich collection of presents including old glass ware, silver and bric-a-brac. The groom was formerly of York, while his bride has long been a valued employe at L. E. Staples.

### MARRIED.

STARKE-LOVELL. Portsmouth, June 14, by Elder Clarence M. Seaman's, William J. Starr and Anne F. Lovell.

### NEWSY CLEANINGS FROM

### OUR SUBURBAN TOWNS.

#### NEWFIELDS.

NEWFIELD, June 15.

The crowning social event of this season took place Saturday afternoon in the Glen just opposite the residence of County Commissioner George W. Paul. Over one hundred people in accordance with his invitation gathered for an afternoon of rare pleasure. The event took the form of an old fashioned clam bake. Steamed clams and biled lobsters being the bill of fare. The grove was especially fit for the occasion. Seats were erected and all objects of discomfort removed, making the spot a typical gathering place for an afternoon's outing.

At the southern extremity of the Glen a winding brook rushes past on the north the rugged oaks which predominate throughout the grove are larger and more thickly leaved, making the shade deeper and forming an inviting nook as a shelter from the scorching hot sun. A brisk breeze from the west rustled through the oaks and maples, tempering the heat just enough to make the weather perfect for an outdoor gathering.

Such was the spot where the party of pleasure seekers gathered. Early in the afternoon the gaiety began and there was never a lull until the party broke up at 6 o'clock. Steamed clams and biled lobsters was the order until everybody was amply served and had passed an afternoon of enjoyment but seldom preceded. The party was composed mostly of townspeople but the number was increased by a few out of town guests.

The Rev. James H. Fitts, pastor of the local Congregational church made a few interesting and appropriate remarks and he suggested that the spot be known in the future as Oak Glen.

It was the first of a series of outings which will be held there during the coming summer.

On the following Saturday Mr. Paul will entertain the Rebekas of the Newfields and Newmarket lodges of the I. O. O. F.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Durell commemorated the anniversary of their marriage yesterday. The date marked the close of the 51st year of wedded life.

The arrangements for the affair had been completed secretly by their daughter, Mrs. George Tilton, who had arranged for a sumptuous spread to which 30—all members of the family partook of.

All of the day was devoted to enjoyment and the past fifty years was reviewed with feelings of joy by the couple in whose honor the happy assemblage was held.

The party was composed of many relatives from distant points. Several had not met in social intercourse for a long period. Thus the event was made doubly a memorable gathering. Mr. and Mrs. Durell were presented with many tokens, among the number being some gold coin.

The gathering was composed of the following relatives:

Newan Durell, Belle Hodgdon of Pittsfield; Mabel Darling, Carrie Durell of Boston; W. W. Durell, M. Abbie Durell, W. F. Durell, Albert E. Durell of Newmarket; Mrs. Nellie Durell Ball, George O. Durell and wife of Dunbar; D. S. Bennett, R. D. P. Bennett of Lee; Guy W. Durell, Clarence H. Paul and wife, Haven T. Paul, Madeline B. Paul of Portsmouth; Louis F. Durell of Hyde Park, Mass.; Mrs. W. H. Brackett of Greenland; Frank L. Durell of Somerville; George H. Tilton and wife, George G. Tilton, Gordon B. Durell, Norman O. Durell, Arthur J. Durell of Newfields.

#### GREENLAND.

GREENLAND, June 19.

The Greenlanders were defeated in a well contested game of ball Saturday at Raymond. The boys played elegant

ball and without a doubt would have won the game but for two very costly errors of Olin Holmes pitched the game of his career. The batting of Walbur was the chief feature of the game. He made three singles and two doubles. The score was as follows:  
Raymond 1 4 3 0 1 0 2 3 —14  
Greenland 0 2 2 1 1 2 0 1 —11

Mrs. Alice M. Coleman of Portsmouth was the guest of her father, Mr. Richard Downing on Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Almy of Portsmouth were in town Sunday afternoon.

Mr. Harry Kennedy and wife of Portsmouth were guests of Mr. Theodore Low on Sunday.

Children's Sunday at the Methodist church yesterday and several of our neighboring towns were well represented.

### THE HERALD WILL BE THERE.

The state executive committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have made arrangements for a Y. M. C. A. tent at the coming camp of the National Guard at Concord, June 19 to 28. The tent will be centrally located and supplied with all the newspapers published in the state, also a large quantity of other reading matter. There will be games and writing material and services will be held evenings. Brigadier General Tolles, the new brigade commander, has entered heartily into the plan and the secretaries in charge will mess at brigade headquarters. General Secretary Tagne will go to Concord Monday to assist in the work. Members of Company A will be welcome at the tent and will find the latest papers from home on file.

### U. S. DISTRICT COURT REPORTS

#### INDICTMENTS AND ADJOURNS

The grand jury reported three indictments against Harry F. Bailey, the defaulting cashier of the Colebrook national bank. He is not being present in court, his bondsmen, George Van Dyke, Warren E. Drew, Charles Cook, Thomas H. Van Dyke, Jason H. Dudley, Thomas F. Johnson, Benjamin Gathercole, Irving W. Drew and Walter Drew, were defaulted to the extent of \$10,000. An indictment was returned against Lewis Langlois of Glenum, charging him with breaking and entering the postoffice building on May 20th. He pleaded not guilty and was held in \$1200 and in default was committed to Manchester jail.

The court convened again this morning just long enough to adjourn to August 26.

### SPAIN'S GREATEST NEED.

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life in every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by Globe Grocery Co.

### RALEIGH HAT RIBBONS—MADE HANDSOME SOUVENIRS FOR ALL

When the U. S. S. Raleigh went out of commission here she had less than one hundred silk ribbons in store and the paymaster of the ship sold them in this city. T. C. Leakey has about three dozen which he is selling at a small price to those who want a neat souvenir. They make a tasty little gift to send in a letter to out of town friends.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

## Queen Quality,

The Famous Shoe For Women For Street, Dress, Home and Outing.

### STRONG POINTS IN QUEEN QUALITY SHOES.

They fit where others fail. They are always correct in style. They give a slender, pretty look to the foot. They are easy the first day; require no breaking in. They are light, yet durable. They retain their shape.

SOLD BY

**C. F. DUNCAN**

Oxford \$2.50 Shoes \$3.









## WASHINGTON NEWS.

Important Topics Discussed at the National Capital.

### THE MATTERS DISPOSED OF.

President McKinley Thinks Well of the Achievements of Our Troops in the Philippines.

The Treasury Said to Be Gaining in Gold to the Extent of Nearly a Million Dollars a Day—Admiral Schley Receives an Ovation at Navy and War Departments—Other Washington News.

Wilmington, Del., June 18.—Mrs. been several matters of national interest discussed here during the past week, but the matter that has, of course, been considered of greatest importance by the American people in general is the decision reached by President McKinley and the War Department in the ruling of a larger General Order in the Philippines. This matter has been finally disposed of and the work of enlisting the new recruits, in the manner recommended is now going on. The administration is pleased to think this matter has been finally settled, and is also satisfied with the work that has been done by the American troops in the way of putting an end to the insurrection created by Aguinaldo in the Philippine Islands.

Admiral Schley was at the War and Navy departments a couple of hours for the first time since his return from the West, and he received a great ovation. When he made his appearance in the corridors he was stopped by officials and made to tell about his recent trip, and as he stood talking, quite a crowd gathered around him, all anxious to shake hands with him. Admiral Schley, although he has lived in Washington ever since the war, always attracts attention wherever he goes. He is enthusiastic about his trip West, and says that he discovered that there was the same kind of people in that part of the country as in the East. "There is no difficulty in understanding them," said he, "for they all speak the same language and are all moved by the same great love of their country." The Admiral said that he was very much pleased with the invitation he had received from "his boys" on the cruiser Brooklyn to attend their picnic on the 3d of July, and added that if he possibly could, he was going to attend. "I have an engagement for that day," said the Admiral, "but I will break it because I want to be at the picnic with my boys, for I remember our picnic of last July 3, and I would rather be with them again this year than anywhere else."

Dr. Frederick C. Kenyon, the young scientist, who was arrested for disorderly conduct at the Department of Agriculture, to which he had been attached, has been committed to jail by Judge Kimball, who ordered that the mental condition of Kenyon be judicially investigated. Kenyon's conduct in the department for the past year has attracted a great deal of attention. The examination was confined almost entirely to investigation of the prisoner's sanity, and the charge of disorderly conduct upon which he had been arrested was practically ignored. The officials of the department spoke with apparent great sorrow of the affliction they believe has descended upon their late comrade, but all who were examined testified that Kenyon's conduct has left them in little doubt that his mind is more or less unbalanced.

It is stated by treasury officials that the Treasury is gaining gold at the rate of almost a million a day. Within the last week the gold in the Treasury has increased over \$4,000,000, despite the fact that more than that amount has been shipped abroad. Treasury officials say that the cause of these shipments is that Europe has had to pay the gold to Spain for the Philippine indemnity, which was sent from here in exchange, and that she is simply replenishing her loss. London is short of gold, and finds it cheaper to export it from this country than to get it elsewhere.

The output of gold from the Transvaal during last March, the date of the latest official report, was far in excess of any previous month, the figures being 464,036 ounces, valued at \$8,584,000, and no less than \$2,002,595 of gold are being shipped each week from South Africa. The March output was double the figures of two years ago, and the increase still goes on. These facts are contained in a report to the State Department from United States Consul Macnam, at Pretoria, transmitting reports from the Chamber of Mines.

One of the reasons why the War Department hesitated to send negro soldiers to the Philippines is that the reports from Manila say that the insurgents become terrified when the colored American troops attack them and they all seem to have an especial terror of the colored soldiers and will not make a stand against them if there is any way for them to escape.

Jealousy Caused Her to Kill Herself. Wilmington, Del., June 18.—Mrs. Emma Easton of 313 Shipley street, committed suicide by swallowing a teaspoonful of arsenic. She had been married only five months, and was a prepossessing young woman of 20. She became jealous of her husband, who is a drug clerk.

Dr. Goodland Sentenced. Jefferson City, Mo., June 18.—Dr. Jefferson D. Goodland, who killed Fred J. Jackson in Kansas City on April 2, 1897, was convicted of murder in the second degree in the Circuit Court here and sentenced to 20 years in the penitentiary.

Minor C. Keith Ill. New Orleans, La., June 18.—Minor C. Keith of Boston, president of the Boston Fruit Company, and head of the banana combination, is dangerously ill, at Puerto Cortes.

## THE KENTUCKY FEUDS.

Governor Bradley May Call Special Session of Legislature.

Frankfort, Ky., June 18.—Col. William of the first regiment recommends in his report to Governor Bradley on the feud in Clay county that the soldiers be given complete control in the future by placing the towns visited by them under martial law. Col. Williams says that it is impossible to protect the lives of prisoners or citizens under the present system. Petitions have come from other counties for radical action on such feuds as those in Harlan, Bell and Clay counties. But the governor has now power to declare martial law or to proceed until called on by the local authorities.

In Clay county last Saturday Tom Baker while in the custody of the court was reported as being shot from a window of the sheriff's residence. Sheriff White was reported as saying there was no danger of violence to Tom Baker while on trial, and he objected to Judge Eversole calling for troops. Other cases are cited where feuds belong to some faction in the feuds and would never call on the governor.

Governor Bradley has been considering not only the conditions in Clay and other counties, but also his inability to take radical action, and he is now contemplating calling a special session of the legislature for the relief of citizens where "reign of terror" exist.

### Anaconda Mines Sold.

Salt Lake, Utah, June 18.—Marcus Daly and his associates have sold out their interests in the Anaconda copper mines in Montana to a syndicate headed by John H. Hargis for a consideration of \$2,000,000. Of this amount Mr. Daly gets \$600,000, J. B. Huggins \$900,000 and Lloyd Tevis of San Francisco \$500,000.

In the transfer is included practically the entire town of Anaconda, with its mines and smelters, coal and timber lands. The purchasers do not become the sole owners of the property, however, for a London syndicate, the one of the Hearst estate for \$7,000,000, still owns that fragment. Mr. Daly has agreed to remain as manager of the property for a year at a salary of \$25,000, while Hargis and Tevis sever their connection with the properties entirely, leaving the stockholders in control.

Mr. Daly and Charles Larrabee purchased in July 1880 the nucleus of what became the great Anaconda mines. In 1882 Larrabee sold his entire interest, and Daly sold half of his to George Hearst and J. B. Hargis. Hearst was jointly interested with Hargis. The mines paid enormous dividends from the start and provided funds for all the branching out and development of the properties.

### Second Receiver's Sale.

Anderson, Ind., June 18.—The Union receiver's sale of Thomas Wright, of St. Louis, for \$503,120. He represented Chicago, St. Louis and Cincinnati creditors. The plants were sold at receiver's sale a month ago, and Wright bought them in for \$495,000. Unsecured creditors protested against the sale being ratified on the ground that the sale was for \$500,000, and unsecured creditors would not realize a cent.

### Rome City Tabernacle to Be Rebuilt.

Wabash, Ind., June 18.—Before the timbers of the destroyed tabernacle at Rome City are cooled the Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad management is preparing to rebuild the immense structure on a more extensive scale. General Manager Hulgart, Supt. Hunter and Engineer Barnes, went to the assembly grounds of the old building, and Mr. Barnes is now preparing plans for the new one.

### Shot Three Times at His Mother.

Logansport, Ind., June 18.—James Nichols, a sixteen-year-old boy of Norway, White County, Indiana, became under the influence of beer, and, getting possession of a revolver, fired three shots at his mother, all of which, luckily, went wild. Shortly afterward he attempted to stab his father with a knife, but was seized and overpowered.

### Convict Sued for \$50,000.

San Antonio, Tex., June 18.—The Wells Fargo Express Company has filed suit against Charles A. Beeler, who was convicted a short time ago for the embezzlement of \$50,000. The company represents that Beeler while in its employ converted to his own use \$50,000 entrusted to him care for delivery. The suit is for a debt in that sum.

### Horseman Fatally Hurt.

Napoleon, Ohio, June 18.—James Cornell, a veteran horseman, was fatally injured here while attempting to break a colt. Cornell's nose was severed from his face, his skull fractured and he received internal injuries by being thrown against the street curb. He has been training and breaking horses for thirty-five years. This was his first mishap.

### Indiana Church Burned.

Bloomington, Ind., June 18.—The Walnut Street Presbyterian Church and a business block adjoining, on the east side of the public square, were destroyed by fire, with a total loss of about \$10,000. The church was insured for \$5,000. The fire was caused by a stove in a meat market in the building adjoining the church.

### For Murder of His Wife.

Carmel, Ill., June 18.—Daniel P. Gott and Mrs. Margaret Rankin have been arrested and lodged in jail in this city charged as principal and accessory in the murder of Gott's wife at Norris City last week. They claim that burglars did the killing.

### One Prisoner Remained.

Warren, Ohio, June 18.—Willis Zachman, who was in the city prison awaiting sentence to the Reform Farm for stealing, escaped from there. His accomplice, Orrin Knight, would not accompany him and was sentenced to the Reform Farm.

George W. Fullman, a contractor and active politician, of Plainfield, N. J., is mysteriously missing.

## A BOON TO MOTHERS.

If Any Portsmouth Mother Has Looked For This, Follow This Citizen's Advice.

Wherever we go and among all classes we find children suffering from weak kidneys. The intelligent mother knows that this is not a habit and searches for a remedy. It is something very hard to relieve and the family physician tells her that the child will grow out of it in time. Sometimes they do and sometimes they do not. In the meantime, annoyance and embarrassment is the result. If anyone knows a remedy it is not an act of charity, it is not a duty to make it public. Should selfishness or pride keep it concealed? Mrs. A. G. Mace of 13 Madison street has used Doan's Kidney Pills in her family and makes the following statement for the benefit of anxious parents and the relief of interesting little children. Mrs. Mace says: "My little girl had weak kidneys. I believe she inherited the complaint. Her trouble was non-retention of the kidney secretions. I employed physicians and used many remedies advertised but until I obtained Doan's Kidney Pills for her at Philbrick's pharmacy nothing did her any good. They helped her so much and gave such relief to the child that I am very grateful for having my attention drawn to them. I can really recommend Doan's Kidney Pills for weak kidneys in children and you are welcome to refer to me regarding them."

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster Millburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

### CULLED FROM ALL SIDES.

Savages, on the whole, live longer than civilized people.

Forty years ago the first missionary was eaten on the Fiji islands.

Swallows have been met at sea more than 1,000 miles from any land.

In Costa Rica canary birds, bullfinches, and paroquets are special table dainties.

According to a German authority the human brain is composed of 800,000,000 nerve cells.

In the orange fields of New Zealand the crop has been known to net as high as \$1,000 an acre.

Eight million pounds are computed to change hands in England yearly through betting on races.

Over 400 diamonds are known to have been recovered from the ruins of Babylon. Many are uncut, but most are polished on one or two sides.

Probably few people who visit London are aware that one of the most novel sights of the great city is that of the pigeons around the public buildings.

The British soldier has not always worn a red uniform. White was the prevailing color under Henry VIII, and dark green or russet in the time of Elizabeth.

### ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The queen of Greece is the only woman admiral in the world.

When tea was first brought to England the leaves were eaten.

The Polar currents are said to contain less salt than those from the equator.

Britain requires a yearly supply of breadstuffs of about 30,000,000 quarters of wheat. She produces about 6,000,000 quarters.

The custom of keeping birthdays is many thousands years old. Pharaoh's birthday festivities are mentioned in the Pentateuch.

Berlin is one of the most cosmopolitan of European cities. Though it is the capital of Germany, only 37 per cent. of its inhabitants are Germans by birth.

The broad-headed horses are the cleverest. In the British household cavalry horses with broad foreheads learn their drill more rapidly than the others.

In Russia the proportionate number of births is nearly double that of France, while the German population increases faster than that of any other country.

### TOLD BY FIGURES.

A caterpillar in the course of a month will devour 600 times its own weight in food.

There are found in both books of the bible 3,586,483 letters and 773,693 words.

Since the birth of Christ 4,000,000,000 men have been slain in battle.

If kept continuously running a watch will tick 160,144,000 times in a year.

Some scientists now hold that above the altitude of 12,000 feet from the sea level the temperature decreases about one degree for every rise of 350 feet.

The British government is the owner of over 25,000 camels. Several thousands are used in India to carry stores and equipment when companies are changing quarters by line of march.

The largest proportion of single persons is found in Ireland and Scotland and the smallest in the United States. In Ireland 67 per cent., in Scotland 65 per cent., but in the United States only 59 per cent. are in that condition.

### For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soreness Syrup has been used for children teething. It soothes the child, cures the gums, relieves all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea, twenty-five cents a bottle.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure; Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

## EXPECTS FIGHTING.

Otis Anticipates Continued Native Opposition.

### AGUINALDO IS STILL ACTIVE.

It Is Believed That the Natives Had Mapped Out a Complete Plan of Attack on Manila.

Fight at San Fernando Believed to Have Been Part of Plan to Break Through American Lines at That Point and Calumpit Defeated at Both Ends of the Island.

Washington, June 18.—Reports received at the War Department from Gen. Otis indicate that considerable more fighting is to be expected in the Philippines before the natives will accept American terms of peace. Aguinaldo is ruffing his followers with an iron hand. The enemy have shown a tenacious purpose that has been surprising and they have persisted in fighting notwithstanding severe losses and disastrous repulses.

It is believed by War Department officers that the natives had mapped out a complete plan for a simultaneous attack on Manila and on the forces under Gen. MacArthur near San Fernando.

The advance of Gen. Lawton's forces upon them south of Manila was evidently unexpected and he not only defeated the insurgents with great loss but broke up their projected attack. The fight reported at San Fernando is believed to have been a part of this plan of Aguinaldo's to break through the American lines between San Fernando and Calumpit and advance upon Manila to aid in the attack on the city, which had been prearranged.

Now that the insurgents have been defeated at both ends of the line it is very probable that Aguinaldo will again withdraw toward Tarlac and there arrange some other movement. Meanwhile the American forces and the Filipino army are not expected to remain idle. It is thought by officers of the army that Gen. Otis will continue to advance on the enemy and not allow them to recover fully from their defeats of the last few days.

There is no fear that Gen. MacArthur will not be fully able to defend his position against the natives as he has a whole division under his command and will not only be able to repulse any attacks but will probably send a brigade of troops to pursue the Filipinos as far northward as possible.

### A Prize Fighter's Luck.

Skagway, June 18.—via Seattle, Wash. June 18.—Peer Oda gives a good account of gold hunt at the junction of the Klondike and Bonanza rivers. He says the results will surprise many. Frank Slavin, the prizefighter, and his partners, have thirty-seven placer claims, most of them good. There has been a lot of prospecting for quartz, but no great discoveries have been heard from. Slavin is going to New York and London and his partners have bought the Bonanza quartz proposition with a London company and got \$100,000 for development work.

### Sloan Appears in a New Role.

London, June 17.—Tod Sloan, the American jockey, appears before the public in a new role—that of a lawyer. As the story goes, the American, after the racing at Ascot, is said to have struck a water over the head with a champagne bottle. Sloan, who was a waiter, says that the waiter spilled some wine over his clothes and that a friend who was with him struck the waiter with his fist. In some of the newspapers it is suggested that The Jockey Club should withdraw Sloan's license.

### The Prison Paper to Enlarge.

Sing Sing, June 18.—"The Star of Hope," the new eight-page paper printed and written by the convicts in the prison here, has proved so popular that it has been decided by Superintendent of Prisons Collins to enlarge it and extend its circulation. The Sing Sing Prison will furnish and print the usual amount of matter. Auburn Prison will furnish four pages and Clinton Prison four pages. Four thousand copies will be printed twice a month for distribution among the inmates of all the penal institutions in the State.

### His Jaws Are Slightly Locked.

Bay Shore, L. I., June 18.—Walter L. Danham recently injured his thumb, smashing and locking his nail. It gave him no particular trouble until Wednesday morning, when he had difficulty in opening his mouth. By night the jaws were fully locked, and it is thought he will not recover. He has suffered great agony and has to be fed by artificial means.

### Next Sergeant-at-Arms of the House.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—Henry A. Casson of Wisconsin, is said to be slated for Sergeant-at-Arms of the House. It is given out here that Casson's appointment was the consideration which led to Wisconsin's vote being thrown for Henderson. Mr. Casson was formerly Secretary of State of Wisconsin. He was a candidate for director of the census.

### Klondike Carrier Tied.

San Francisco, June 18.—John A. McGee has filed a petition in insolvency in the United States District Court. His failure is ascribed to the ill-advised investments in the Klondike freighting business and the loss of the steamship Humboldt last year. His losses are estimated at \$122,500, of which \$64,500 is owing to Baron Von Schroeder. The assets are estimated at \$3,000.

### Capture of Bandits.

Paris, Tex., June 18.—Joseph Tate, John Barnes and John Peterson have been arrested at Opaton, L. T., after a running fight of half a mile, for complicity in the robbery of a Kansas City Pittsburg & Gulf train near Shady. They have been taken to Fort Smith.

In New York City, Duncan Young, the burglar who killed George Eberhardt, was sentenced to prison for life.

## OHIO AND THE TRUSTS.

Attorney General Brings Suit Against the Continental Tobacco Co.

Columbus, June 18.—Attorney General Monett has filed suit in the Supreme Court to oust the Continental Tobacco Company from business in this state. The petition alleges that the defendant corporation is formed for the purpose of restraining trade in leaf tobacco and controlling prices of the manufactured product. It releases a list of the firms which have signed a written agreement, which Mr. Monett cannot obtain to pool and combine their interests into the said defendant corporation. It charges that the transfer of bonds and stock for the purchase of those companies was simply a pretense and that the combination is compelling others to sell out to it, that it is destroying small associations, partnerships and corporations by illegal methods and that its purpose is to violate the law.

### STORM AT LOUISVILLE, KY.

Destructive Gale Along the St. Louis Air Line in Indiana.

Louisville, Ky., June 18.—Another violent wind and rain storm has swept over this part of Kentucky and Southern Indiana and did a considerable amount of damage. In Louisville the people were terribly frightened, as the clouds, which preceded the tempest resembled those which hung over this city just before the disastrous tornado, which caused such loss of life and property here several years ago. A furious gale raged for a short while, uprooting trees and blowing signs over the streets, but doing no further damage than this. From what has been learned the greatest amount of destruction was done along the line of the St. Louis Air line, in Southern Indiana, where many small houses were destroyed and some stock was killed. No persons were injured, according to reports so far received.

### Train Robbers Hemmed In.

Cheyenne, Wyo., June 18.—The bloodhounds sent to the Big Horn Mountains several days ago to assist in the chase of the bandits who robbed the Union Pacific train has been successful in picking up the trail and following it from T. K. Mountain, where the robbers eluded their pursuers, to the headwaters of No Wood River, south of Red Bank, Wyo., and west of the Hole in the Wall country.

### Pingree Sealed Them.

Lansing, Mich., June 18.—Gov. Pingree has vetoed the Best Sugar Rounty bill, and also the bill appropriating \$40,000 for a State building and exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo. Incidentally he made his veto messages a medium for hotly criticizing the Legislature for alleged failure to carry out the people's wishes.

### A Judgment Against Fitzsimmons.

New York, June 18.—The law firm of Friend, House & Grossman, have been given a judgement for \$1,250 against Robert Fitzsimmons for professional services. The debt was contracted when the law firm defended Fitzsimmons in his suit where he was charged with manslaughter for causing the death of Con Kordon in a boxing bout.

### A Disappearance Explained.

Milwaukee, June 18.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Joseph Gettelman, a brother of Adam Gettelman, a prominent Milwaukee brewer, about twenty years ago, has been cleared up by the receipt of a letter in this city by the Gettelman family, announcing Joseph's death in Huntington, Ark., on April 14 last.

### Advancing Prices in Pig Iron.

Chicago, June 18.—"Iron and Steel" says: "Pig iron is about a dollar higher than a week ago. The twenty-dollar mark has been reached. In pig iron there is no consolidation of interests and the strength seems to be due wholly to demand. The iron here will be no shut-down of the mills during the months of July and August."

### Earthquake at Iloilo.

Manila, June 18.—An earthquake shock was felt at Iloilo. The inhabitants say it was the severest ever known. It is supposed that the shock was caused by the volcano Canloan in Negros in eruption. An explosion was heard apparently under Iloilo, followed thirty seconds later by the shaking of the earth.

### Shot By Jealous Rival.

Chattanooga, June 18.—At Hixson station, in this county, Hubert Maroney shot and killed William Stoner. Stoner was walking home with a girl from church, when Maroney stepped up behind him and shot him. Jealousy over the young woman is attributed as the cause. The young men were rival lovers.

### Thirty Persons Drowned.

Stettin, Prussia, June 18.—A disaster has occurred on the River Oder, off the village of Zuellichew. The passenger steamer Bluecher has been run into and sunk by the steamer Poelitz. Thirty persons are reported to have been drowned and ten were saved.

### Pardoned By McKinley.

Washington, D. C., June 18.—President McKinley has granted a pardon to John Washington and Simoons Wolf, two Seminole Indians who were convicted in Kansas in 1880 of criminal assault, and who have since been serving a life sentence.

### Admiral Sampson's New Post.

Boston, June 18.—A Newport despatch says it is reported that Rear Admiral Sampson is to be detached from the North Atlantic fleet and assigned to the naval station at Newport, the scope of which is to be greatly broadened.

### Jeffries and Morley Matched.

New York, June 18.—Jim Jeffries and Mike Morrissey, the Irish champion have been matched to fight before the Coney Island Athletic Club. This match will take place before the Jeffries-Sharkey bout in September.

## STRIKES IN THE WEST.

Committee Named to Effect a Settlement in Colorado.

### PROMINENT NAMES ON LIST.

The Miners at Pueblo Have Accepted the Philadelphia Company's Scale of Wages. Will Begin June Twentieth.

Grand Jury at Idaho Finds True Bill of Indictment Against All Participants in Shoshone County Riots Who Have Been Identified—Number of Indicted Not Known.

Denver, June 18.—Gov. Thomas and Mayor Johnson have named a committee of business men who will meet with the Operating Committee of the American Smelting and Refining Company, to endeavor to settle the strike. The committee consists of ex-Gov. Alva Adams, President E. T. Jeffery of the Denver and Rio Grande Railroad, J. K. Mollen, proprietor of the Hungarian Mills; William Church, proprietor of the Pressed Brick Company, and Rev. Barton O. Aylesworth, president of the State Agricultural College.

Pueblo, Col., June 18.—Final adjustment of wages at the Philadelphia smelter, the Guggenheim anti-trust plant, has been effected, the men accepting the scale of the company with the exception that the lower class of labor will be paid \$1.40 per day instead of \$1.32, as offered by the company. The company expects to be in full operation in all departments with 1,200 men by June 20.

### Wallace, Idaho, June 18.—The grand jury has reported as follows:

"In accordance with your charge we have carefully examined into all the cases growing out of the riots of April 29 in Shoshone County and after mature deliberation have found true bills against all the participants who have been identified. A large number of others who are identified as participants, but whose true names are unknown to us, have been indicted under fictitious names. We would recommend that, owing to the fact that large numbers of parties indicated are not in custody, that after filing the indictments be not published unless so ordered by the court."

Accompanying the report were about fifty indictments, but many contained several names so the number indicted is unknown.

### Reciprocity With Barbadoes.

Washington, June 18.—A new treaty between the United States and Great Britain, covering reciprocity with the British West Indian colony of the Barbadoes, has been signed at the state department. This is the first reciprocity treaty under the reciprocity clause of the Dingley tariff law, as the previous agreements have been under a section allowing "reciprocity arrangements," by proclamation, and without the formality of a treaty. It is the first of the series of treaties which the British West Indian colonies—Jamaica, Guiana and Bermuda—are seeking.

### Another Victim of the Fraud.

London, Ky., June 18.—News has reached here from Manchester, Ky., of another tragedy in the Baker-Howard feud. The new victim is said to be James Howard. The story is that as he was standing in front of the Court House, near the spot where Tom Baker was shot last week, a black snake dozing on a rock, and, thinking to frighten it, yelled and struck the rock with a stone. The snake chased Storms a quarter of a mile to his boarding house, where the young man's cries brought out his brother John, who killed the reptile with a club. It measured five feet.

### Chased by a Five Foot Snake.

Port Jervis, N. Y., June 18.—A New York tourist named Howard Storms, stopping at Monroeville, saw a black snake dozing on a rock, and, thinking to frighten it, yelled and struck the rock with a stone. The snake chased Storms a quarter of a mile to his boarding house, where the young man's cries brought out his brother John, who killed the reptile with a club. It measured five feet.

### \$1,000,000 for Invention.

Cleveland, O., June 18.—The immense fortune of \$1,000,000 awaits the genius who invents a telephone repeater, or quadruplex. President Charles J. Glidden of the Erie Telephone system, says he will pay that sum for any instrument which will produce, "telephonically," the same results that a telegraph repeater and quadruplex does.

### Colorado's Fair Exhibit.

Colorado Springs, Col., June 18.—Commissioner C. W. Sanborn, of Boulder; M. J. Raney, of Leadville, and C. L. Dickerson, of Denver, have decided to represent Colorado's gold mining interests at the Paris Exposition by a series of trawls to weigh nearly two tons, and to be worth \$1,000,000. Sufficient high-grade ore from the principal camps has already been contributed.

### How Killed by a Fall.

Corona, N. Y., June 18.—John Weiz, a colored lad aged 13 years, was fatally injured by falling from a cherry saw-cutting a picket fence. The fall broke the lads back and he was taken to the hospital where he died without recovering consciousness.

### Turbulent Test at Jacksonville.

Jacksonville, Fla., June 18.—Dr. L. C. Tiffany, assistant state veterinarian, and William Baker and W. H. White, chief assistants, are in this city examining the cattle at the various state institutions for evidence of tuberculosis.

### Keene Knocks Out Eddie Connelly.

New York, June 18.—In a welter twelve round boxing contest before the Broadway Athletic Club, Keene succeeded in knocking Eddie Connelly out in the twenty-second round.

### Received 500 Volts.

Marion, Ind., June 18.—Chas. Washburn, a line repairer, received the full load of a trolley as he changed with 500 volts of electricity and was hurled 50 feet. He got up and walked home.

## "MY, BUT THAT'S GOOD COFFEE!"

You Always Get Good Coffee Here.



# THE HERALD.

(Formerly The Evening Post)  
ESTABLISHED SEPT. 23, 1884.

Published every evening, Sundays and holidays excepted.  
Terms \$1.00 a year, when paid in advance; 5 cents a month, 2 cents per copy, delivered any part of the city or sent by mail.  
Advertising rates reasonable and made known upon application.  
Communications should be addressed  
**HERALD PUBLISHING CO.,**  
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.  
Telephone No. 2-4.  
**F. W. HARTFORD,**  
**M. M. TILTON,**  
Editors and Proprietors.

Entered at the Portsmouth, N. H. Post Office as second class mail matter.

**FOR PORTSMOUTH  
AND  
PORTSMOUTH'S INTERESTS.**

You want local news! Read the Herald. More local news than all other local dailies combined. Try it.

MONDAY, JUNE 19, 1899.

The fellow who rides a bike is wearing a broad smile. Hay is going to cost twenty dollars per ton.

When Lawton awakes to the fray, what a boom of the dusky guns! How the palm leaves shrink away, as shivering Aggie runs!

Admiral Sampson is to be congratulated. None of his vessels got stuck in the mud in Boston harbor, and the naval parade started on time.

If Thomas Tuff Sharkey knows his business, before meeting Jeffries in the ring he will fill up on embalming fluid and thus be prepared for any emergency.

Governor Rollins' "Old Home" week is finding general favor throughout the state. Now all that remains is to secure the presence of Admiral Dewey at the celebration.

Here's betting that the Battery M. ball team, when it gets to the Philippines, will beat any combination that the Tagalogs can trot out, with base balls or cannon balls!

The high sheriff of Rockingham county is an official of energy. He dropped a bombshell into the greatest plague spot in the state when he aimed at Massachusetts, and the law-abiding class in Manchester and Auburn ought to give him liberally of their thanks.

The sweet girl graduate who now writes an essay on "The High Ideals in Life," or "The Cultivation of the Soul" has yet to learn the philosophy of dish washing and biscuit-baking, combined with tending a flower bed, chasing the grocer, sweeping carpets and darning socks, and looking as fresh as a rose through it all.

Mr. R. Kipling, who wrote something once about the hod carrier's burden, has sailed for England. Before leaving, he instituted a law suit against some unfortunate little publisher who has reprinted a portion of his writings without the permission of the great author himself. Thus doth Mr. R. K. advertise himself and spur the sales of his books.

## THE HERALD NEVER SQUEALS.

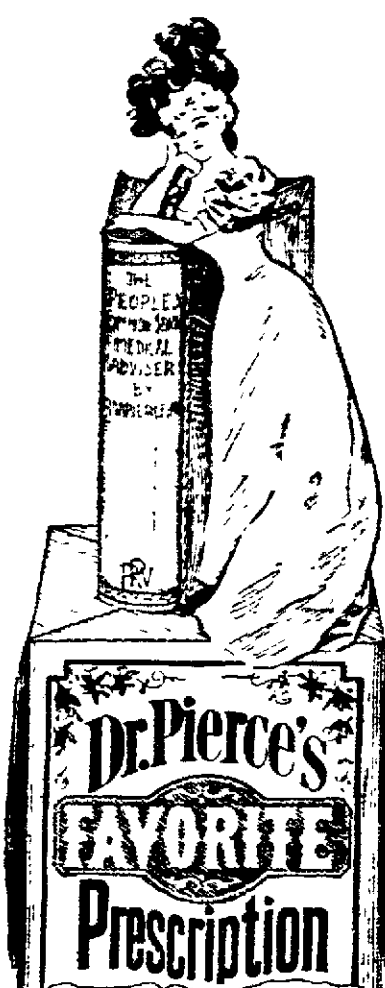
Whenever the Herald happens to get scooped on a piece of news, it never waxes sore and endeavors to throw discredit upon the good story which another paper has been clever enough to secure. The chances of journalism make it inevitable that every newspaper must be prepared to get left occasionally. The Herald will always take any medicine of this sort with all the gameness of a Modoc Indian. It will never dig its fingers into its eyes and be a cry baby.

We are led to this remark, not by any scoop which we have had to swallow lately, but by the tendency of a contemporary to take to heart several little things which it missed and which the Herald got. This contemporary should keep back its spite and chagrin, and wait patiently for a chance to produce an exclusive of its own. This privilege will probably be many years in coming, but it is certain to arrive. Every paper has its turn.

Meanwhile, the Herald will continue to publish all the scoops that it can, and will not have a violent spell of points and sulks if it should be beaten out once in a while by some other daily.

## OTHER PAPERS' COMMENTS.

With the Clark abduction case out of the way, what will the New York papers do for a sensation during the "ally season?"—Newspaper Maker.



**Dr. Pierce's  
FAVORITE  
Prescription**

"You have my many heart-felt thanks for your kindly advice to me in my sickness; also for your book, the 'Common Sense Medical Adviser,' which I received two years ago, and which I could not do without. It is all the Doctor I have had since I got it. I had female trouble, and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cured me of five years' sickness."—Mrs. Claus Nelson, Pico Heights, Los Angeles, Cal.

## WOMEN CAN DEPEND ON IT.

Send at once stamps to pay cost of mailing only for a free copy of his great 100-page book. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

ers dive from the Brooklyn bridge, or hire Tom Sharkey to ride over Niagara Falls in a Saratoga trunk.

Dewey will not lower his dignity or detract from the high rank he holds as an official and as a popular idol by traveling through the country after the fashion of a hippodrome—Boston Beacon.

Guess not. He came from different stock than Hobson.

They are now suggesting in the South that the states furnish revolvers to the women who are unable to purchase them for themselves, in order that proper defence may be made against the assaults of the negroes—Newburyport News.

Yes, but who ever heard of a woman hitting anything that she shot at?

The New York woman who has sued for divorce on the ground that her husband loves My Lady Nootine better than he does her, says to him plaintively: "You'd sooner smoke your pipe than hold me in your lap any more."—Boston Globe.

A pipe, you know, never talks back and will wait for you till two in the morning without complaint.

## A FEW TWO-LINERS.

Nothing makes a man so mad as to call him a liar when he is one.

No love is strong enough to thrive on burnt biscuits and smoky beans.

There is a delicious uncertainty about marriage which is fascinating. A fellow never knows whether it's to be cream and peaches or snarls and stove poker.

If you want to be popular, never try to get ahead of anybody.

The time to test a woman's affection is when she has got a picked-up dinner, the stove is smoking, the baby is unruly and her head aches and George brings a friend home unexpectedly.

The man with the shiniest shoes sometimes sals the most chickens.

## THE LATE F. H. MARR.

Mr. Holman Marr, father of the late F. H. Marr, who died in Lynn, Mass., has lived in Kittery many years and is still employed on the navy yard. The deceased is survived by a wife, formerly Miss Nellie Gaptill of Kittery, brother, Oscar L. of East Boston; two sisters, Mrs. Anna Lear and Mrs. Osgood of Portsmouth. Mr. Marr's illness was typhoid fever which developed suddenly into tuberculosis, and he quickly passed away.

Mr. and Mrs. Marr made hosts of friends during their twelve years' residence in Lynn, who are deeply grieved, as are those recently known in their short residence in South Boston, at the sorrow that has come to Mrs. Marr.

## A NIGHT OF TERROR.

"Awful anxiety was felt for the widow of the brave General Burham of Machias, Me., when the doctors said she could not live until morning," writes Mrs. S. H. Lincoln, who attended her that fearful night. "All thought she must soon die from pneumonia, but she begged for Dr. King's New Discovery, saying it had more than once saved her life, and had cured her of Consumption. After three small doses she slept easily all night, and its further use completely cured her." This marvelous medicine is guaranteed to cure all Throat, Chest and Lung Diseases. Only 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Globe Grocery Co.

A blessing alike to young and old Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry; nature's specific for dysentery, diarrhoea and summer complaint.

# BY TELEGRAPH.

## NOT A DAY OF REST.

HOLYOKE, Mass., June 18.—Sunday for the president was anything but a day of rest it was hoped to have been. With the crowds of curious citizens, the immense jam at the church in the morning, and later in the day a totally unexpected and wholly unprepared for reception in connection with the baccalaureate exercises at Mount Holyoke college in South Holyoke, made it seem a long and tiresome day for all. The president was not content with going once to church, but went twice, leaving Mrs. McKinley in charge of her lady friends on each occasion. This afternoon the party took a special car for South Holyoke, where they attended the baccalaureate exercises at Mount Holyoke, where the president's niece is a student. The sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. M. W. Jacobus of the Hartford Theological seminary. At the close of the exercises the president shook hands with a large number of school girls, several of whom were introduced to him by his niece, Miss Grace McKinley. The party took a special car back to Holyoke and gave up the evening to rest.

## CONSULTS WITH HIS PREDECESSOR.

PARIS, June 18.—President Loubet received in audience early this morning M. Cassinini Perrier, former president of France, and consulted with him in regard to the ministerial crisis. After the interview M. Loubet received Senator Pierre Waldeck-Rousseau. M. Roussseau is meeting with considerable difficulty in forming a cabinet, but he appears determined. He will confer with President Loubet again tomorrow morning.

## MORE TROUBLE LOOKED FOR.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 18.—There were no new developments in the strike of the street railroad men today, probably for the reason that the company made no attempt to operate their lines except on one avenue. The police still afford ample protection and the cars were run on schedule time all day. It is expected that an attempt will be made tomorrow morning to resume operations on some of the other lines and more trouble is looked for.

## SENSATIONAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

LONDON, June 18.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail says: In the course of a secret session of the diet of Sax-Coburg and Gotha yesterday, the master of state councillors, C. F. Von Strenga, read a confidential communication concerning the sensational announcement that Duke Alfred of Sax-Coburg and Gotha, the reigning duke, would probably abdicate this year.

## SAMPSON'S HEALTH IS GOOD.

BOSTON, June 18.—The statement published in the New York and Boston papers to the effect that Admiral Sampson was ill and would retire from the command of the North Atlantic squadron has been authoritatively denied by an officer of his staff as entirely unfounded. On the contrary, as a matter of fact, Admiral Sampson is now in better health than he has been at any time since or during the war, and has no intention of giving up his command.

## FIREMEN INJURED.

OMAHA, Neb., June 18.—A fire in Allen's wholesale grocery this morning damaged the stock to the extent of \$100,000; the damage to the building was \$15,000. A magazine filled with powder, which the firemen were moving to a place of safety, exploded and eleven firemen, including the chief, were injured, two seriously.

## PEACE CONFERENCE A FAILURE.

BERTIN, June 18.—The Kolnische Zeitung today announces the complete failure of the disarmament committee of the peace conference at The Hague. Several provisions have been adopted in the committee by equal vote, but all of them it predicts will fail in the plenary sittings.

## SUPPOSED DROWNING ACCIDENT.

VINELAND HAVEN, June 18.—Augustus W. Loughton, Joseph Bernado and David Evans, young men of Cottage City, left Edgartown yesterday in a boat for a day's gunning. Their boat was found in a waterlogged condition this morning in the bay and it is supposed that all three were drowned.

## GOTHAM GETTING READY TO RECEIVE DEWEY.

New York, June 18.—The appointment of a committee to receive Ad-

miral Dewey on his arrival at this port by Mayor Van Wyck was completed today. The committee is a thoroughly representative one, and includes all classes of citizens.

## BASE BALL.

The following is the result of the National league base ball games played yesterday:

St. Louis 8, Washington 3; at St. Louis.  
Cincinnati 11, Brooklyn 13; at Cincinnati.  
Louisville 2, Baltimore 7; at Louisville.

## WILL LET THE LAW TAKE ITS COURSE.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., June 18.—The authorities at Harlan Court House have received word from the leaders of each faction of the Lee-Taylor feud, stating that they are willing to let the law take its course. Most of the feudists have gone back to work.

## MARCHAND AT HOME.

THOISEY, FRANCE, June 18.—Major Marchand arrived here this morning, his birthplace, and was received by the mayor and enthusiastic crowds. His passage from the railway station to the residence of his father was virtually a triumphal tour.

## STEAMER SUNK.

BREMEN, June 18.—In a collision off Friedrichshaven between the German steamer Artushoff and the British steamer Mauritius, the Artushoff was sunk, ten of her crew being drowned.

## WEATHER INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—For New England: Partly cloudy Monday, increasing cloudiness Tuesday, warmer on the coast, light southerly winds.

## A CLEVER CONTRIVANCE.

B. & M. Using a Machine for Leveling the Roadbed.

The clever machine for shaping and leveling the "shoulders" of railroad embankments being tried on the Boston & Maine Rockport branch is the contrivance of Assistant General Manager Frank Barr and officers of the car department, and is important because it will do in one hour an amount of roadbed work of 100 men a day. To a flat car are attached two wings similar to those on a snowplough. To the bottom of each wing is fastened a heavy steel blade. Each wing is operated by four men, two standing on top of the car to work the wings in and out, and two on each wing to raise and lower the blades. When the wings are out to make a cut they turn the roadbed to a uniform standard cross section, making the shoulder line perfectly distinct and parallel to the rail and cut down to a depth of 10 inches below the top of the tie, removing all surplus material. This admits of the roadbed being thoroughly drained, beside accomplishing at a minimum expense, a complete uniformity of roadbed. The machine in working order has cost less than \$1000. The test was witnessed by the roadmasters of the various divisions and R. P. Collins, roadmaster of the Providence division of the consolidated road. Superintendents Merritt and Perkins were also of the party. The car was run at an average speed of three miles an hour, and the work accomplished was perfect in every detail.

## AT YORK BEACH.

Frank Cunningham of Dover is erecting a fine new house here.

Summer Wallace of Rochester was here today.

The new summer residence of Agent Stephen H. Meader of the Gonio Manufacturing company is approaching completion. It will cost four thousand dollars.

Travel over the P. K. and Y. road to the beach is growing brisker every day.

## METHODS OF AUTHORS.

Mrs. Browning generally wrote in bed.

Whittier and Longfellow were very methodical, always had their desks in perfect order and demanded utter quiet.

George Eliot generally wrote doubled up on a sofa, her feet curled under her, sofa pillows and a pad of paper on her lap.

Harriet Prescott Spofford writes anywhere—on her lap—meanwhile taking an animated part in the conversation going on about her.

Anthony Trollope always wrote standing up very straight at a high desk, with his watch before him, timing himself to a certain length of duty.

## WENTWORTH HOUSE BRIDGE CLOSED.

Wentworth house bridge will be closed on May 25th until further notice. Extensive repairs are to be made to this structure.

# Mrs. Wm. P. Frye

Wife of U. S. Senator Wm. P. Frye, of Maine, says:

"I have used Fairy Soap and find it very nice. It makes a smooth, fine lather, and is very pleasant to the skin. It gives me pleasure to recommend it."

## FAIRBANK'S FAIRY SOAP

The Soap of the Century

A luxury for the toilet and bath. Unequaled for fine laundry use. Pure, white, floating.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,  
Chicago. St. Louis. New York. Boston.

### LATEST DESIGNS IN WALL PAPERS FOR 1899.

## JOSEPH E. HOXIE, PAINTER & DECORATOR

Cor State and Pleasant Sts.,  
Invites the public to examine his large line of wall paper and borders before purchasing elsewhere.

We execute everything in the painting and decorative line and do our work to the satisfaction of our customers.

Estimates cheerfully given  
TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

### GET YOUR SPRING AND SUMMER SUITS OF O'LEARY, THE TAILOR, At the Lowest Prices

Suits and Overcoats, \$13 and Up  
Pants, \$3.50

Also Cleaning, Repairing and Pressing. Satisfaction and fit Guaranteed.

5 Bridge Street.

### MR. ASTOR'S QUARTER MILLION FOUNTAIN.

Group 1.—The first group of figures which forms a part of this fountain is on the end of the shell nearest the entrance gates. This group, made of the finest and whitest Sicilian marble, consists of the heroic sized figure of a woman with a Cupid. The right hand of the figure is outstretched. In it she holds over the basin by the handle a small Greek vase, from which the water pours. Her left hand falls by her side. Standing at her left side is a figure of a little Cupid, naked, with wings, looking up into her face. The work is pronounced by sculptors to be surpassingly beautiful.

Group 2.—This consists of a woman and a Cupid, both standing and pledging each other in drinking cups. The figures are large and of the finest Sicilian marble.

Group 3.—This group consists of a woman leaning back, with a Cupid bending over her from a rock.

There is no fountain in England rivaling this one of Mr. Astor's in size and beauty, and it is even said by architects that as a work of art, and considering its size, it is the finest fountain in the world. This fountain has already cost, according to moderate estimates, a great deal more than fifty thousand pounds.

### Astonishing Condition of Affairs.

A census which has just been completed of Lost Springs and Ramona, two Indiana towns, shows an almost ideal state of existence. They have a population of 200 each. There is not a vacant house in either place, not an idle man or boy, not a tippler, and not a dog. The claim is made that there never was a drop of intoxicating liquor sold in either of the towns. A crusade against the use of tobacco will be the next move by the women of Ramona.

### Depressed.

"I am told," remarked Miss Cayenne, "that you said some very clever things last evening."

"Yes," replied Willie Washington; "it is very discouraging."

"What is?"

"The surprised manner in which everybody is talking about it."

### H. W. Nickerson, Embalmer and Funeral Director,

6 Daniel St., Portsmouth, N. H.  
Calls by night at residence, 6 Court street, or at J. A. Snow's, 16 Gates street, will receive prompt attention.  
Telephone at Office and Residence.  
Office Open From 7 a. m. to 9 p. m.

### COAL AND WOOD.

## C. E. WALKER & CO., Commission Merchant

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in  
**Coal and Wood**  
Office cor. State and Water Sts.  
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

### G. E. PENDER, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office—13 Pleasant St., Exchange Building  
Hours: 10 A. M. to 12 M., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 P. M.  
Residence—3 Merriman St.

### Classified Advertisements.

Small advertisements as follows: 50 words or less, 25 cents; 51 to 100 words, 35 cents; 101 to 200 words, 50 cents; 201 to 300 words, 65 cents; 301 to 400 words, 80 cents; 401 to 500 words, 95 cents; 501 to 600 words, 1.10; 601 to 700 words, 1.25; 701 to 800 words, 1.40; 801 to 900 words, 1.55; 901 to 1,000 words, 1.70. Longer advertisements by special arrangement.

### Seven Words to a Line.

Such as Wants, For Sale and To Let 50 cents per week 25 cents one insertion.

### WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to J. H. P. A. N. S. Co., New York, for 10 same and 1,000 testimonials.

### TO LET—Furnished room with steam heat. Apply at 54 Fleet street.

### Piano for sale. High grade upright piano, been used very little, must be sold. Address G. H. D. Box 313, Dover, N. H.

### Sold 10 cents to us and we will send you a set of our Dandruff and Scalp Cure. F. McKee, New York, N. H.

### FOR SALE—Ten R-I-P-A-N-S for 5 cents a dozen. One gives relief.

### WANTED—By an elderly lady, a situation as housekeeper in an elderly gentleman's home, or would care for home of parties going abroad for the season. Call at 11 Spring street, Dover, N. H. Mrs. M. E. Frye.

### FREE

for Boys and Girls, a beautiful set of gold shell brilliant Ruby or Topaz Tiffany Settings. Guaranteed to wear for years. FREE for selling 50 Mystic Pens at 5c each. Send name and address. Will send Pens when sold. Remit us \$1.00 and get the Ring. C. O. Rauter, 429 South St., Cincinnati. When writing mention the Portsmouth Herald.

### Professional Cards.

### W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.,

Residence, 98 State St.  
Office, 26 Congress St.  
Portsmouth, N. H.  
OFFICE HOURS: 1 A. M. 8 P. M. 1:30 to 10 Evening

### C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.,

DENTAL ROOMS, 16 MARKET SQUARE  
Portsmouth, N. H.

### F. S. TOWLE, M. D.

78 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.  
Office Hours: 2 A. M. 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 P.

### STANDARD BRAND.

## Newark cement.

400 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

### THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the Principal Government and Other Public Works, and has received the commendation of Engineers, Architects and Consumers generally. Persons wanting cement should not be deceived. Obtain the best.

### FOR SALE BY JOHN H. BROUGHTON.

### BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE  
of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhea and Gleet, guaranteed in from 2 to 6 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.



CAPTAIN SLOCUM IN A THIRTY FOOT BOAT DOES THE FEAT.

Starting From Boston in April, 1895 He Returns in July the Following Year—Had Bailed in Ships a Quarter of a Century, in All Probably 40,000 Miles.

Flying the Stars and Stripes, the Spray, Captain Joshua Slocum's thirty-foot lugger, rigged craft, arrived in Newport Harbor early one July morning, 1895, after a trip around the world. She was seventeen days from Antigua, West Indies, and intended to make New York as the first home port, but off Fire Island she encountered a thunder storm which forced her into Newport.

Captain Slocum, alone in his boat, left Boston on April 24, 1895, and since he has sailed the world over. The Spray is a twelve-ton boat, thirty feet long. To secure seagoing qualities she has considerable breadth of beam. Captain Slocum says his trip has no equal in history.

On sailing from Boston the Spray touched at Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, then Horta and Fayal, reaching Gibraltar in twenty-nine days from Cape Sable. The Atlantic was then recrossed to Brazil, thence to the Pacific, touching the principal ports on the way. Crossing the Pacific, Captain Slocum went to Juan Fernandez, where he visited the cave of Robinson Crusoe, Samoa, Melbourne, New South Wales, Tasmania and thence through the Torney Straits to the East Indies. He then his course, thence to Rodriguez, Martinique, and Natal and Cape Town, South Africa.

Christmas off the Cape of Good Hope was passed in a blow that nearly tore the Spray to pieces. Captain Slocum was entertained by the Cape Town Railroad Company. In Pretoria, while the guest of President Kruger, Captain Slocum learned of the blowing up of the Maine.

The Spray left Cape Town March 26 last, going to St. Helena and Ascension. He reached Grenada on June 2 last. Off the coast of Brazil, near the mouth of the Amazon, Captain Slocum sighted the Oregon going north with a rush.

Captain Slocum undertook the trip through love of adventure. He is fifty-five years old and returned in perfect health. His method was to run at night and sleep during the day, that the Spray might be seen and avoided. He never met an accident.

Captain Slocum hailed from Gloucester, Mass., and has sailed out of Boston and New York for a quarter of a century. He estimates that he has navigated 40,000 miles of seas. In the rocker keeled boat, the Liberdade, with his wife and two sons, Captain Slocum a few years ago rounded the Horn.

Load of Oil Barrels.

Oil barrels are painted, some of them red and some of them blue. In shades of color and degrees of brightness individual barrels vary according to the freshness of their paint and the wear and exposure to which they have been subjected since painting. There is nothing very remarkable about a single oil barrel, but what with their different colors and shades a great number of oil barrels together may form an object of decided attraction.

Such, for instance, was a lighter load of oil barrels seen on the East River. It was a big lighter with square ends. The great mass of barrels, thousands of them piled symmetrically, was oblong at the base, the sides sloping inward as they rose, to meet in a ridge running lengthwise of the lighter, high above its deck, and halfway up the tall mast that rose above its centre. The ends of this great oblong pile sloped back at the same angle as the sides, and at each end a shorter mast appeared through the pile. These two shorter masts were of equal length, and they stood at equal distances from the tall mast at the middle, so that this great square-ended lighter, with nothing whatever graceful in its proportions, was yet with its load and its fittings an object of perfect symmetry.

And seen thus, with three clear white masts rising above the pyramidal mound of red and blue, whose different colors and various shades formed a great mosaic, softened by the distance, the lighter load of oil barrels in tow of a tug became very easily one of the most picturesque of the many interesting things to be seen on a busy waterway.

A New Artificial Stone.

A Scotch firm is manufacturing an artificial stone which is said to stand every test and to be impervious to all vagaries of the weather. The process is a simple one, and the ingredients of the stone, chiefly lime and sand, are not expensive commodities, so that it is believed that the artificial product will be able to compete with the real. The lime and sand, having been thoroughly incorporated, are passed into molding boxes, which may be of any convenient size or shape, and these are placed within the converter. Water at high pressure and having a high temperature is then pumped into the converter to cause the necessary chemical union between the lime and sand, and the molding boxes are also submitted to a temperature of about 400 degrees Fahrenheit by the action of superheated steam. In about thirty hours the surplus water is run off, but the heat is continued, in order to remove moisture from the molding boxes, for another nineteen hours. The boxes are then removed from the converter and the stone within them is practically ready for use.

Experiments are now in progress from which it is hoped that other products of nature's laboratory, such as slate and marble, will presently be successfully imitated.

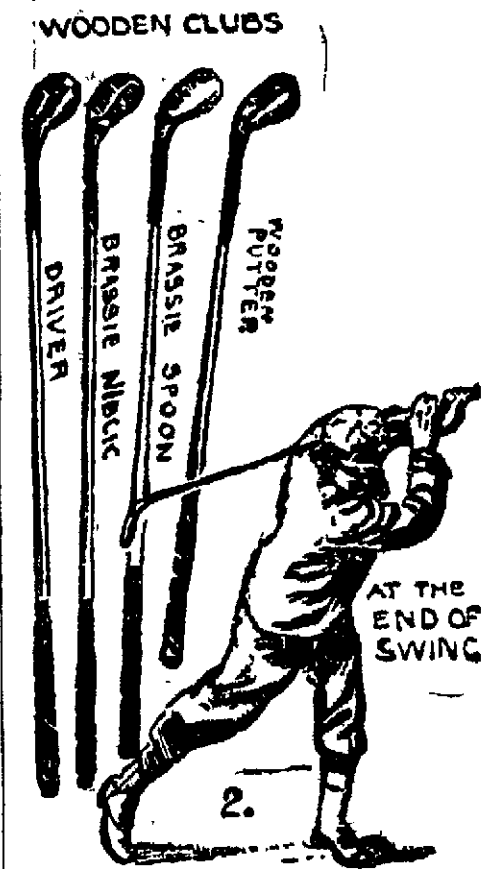
THE GREAT GAME OF GOLF

Meted Outline of How the Game Is Played—Its Aim, and Implements.

Popular as golf has become during the past few years, there are thousands of persons who have not the faintest notion of how the game is played. For the benefit of this vast majority a brief outline of the game may be interesting.



The course over which golf is played is called the "links." Eighteen holes (the number however, varies 4½ inches in diameter, surrounded by mats of turf (known as the "putting green") are scattered at intervals of from 200 to 500 yards along the links, the finishing the greatest number of holes wins the game. In other words, the side which has succeeded in holing its ball in the fewest strokes. There are an infinite number of golf sticks, both of iron and of wood, each club available for some particular sort of drive. The driver, a wooden club, is used for very long strokes, the putter, an iron-shod and is used in short strokes only on the putting green, while the lofting iron lofts the ball out of depressions or over bunkers.



nearest "teeing ground," whence it is driven for the next hole, and so on until the end. Obstacles in the shape of bushes, clumps of long grass, streams, sand pits, etc. add zest to the game and are known as "hazards." Certain "hazards," such as boulders, fences or walls are called "bunkers." In regular play the side winning the greatest number of holes wins the game. In other words, the side which has succeeded in holing its ball in the fewest strokes. There are an infinite number of golf sticks, both of iron and of wood, each club available for some particular sort of drive. The driver, a wooden club, is used for very long strokes, the putter, an iron-shod and is used in short strokes only on the putting green, while the lofting iron lofts the ball out of depressions or over bunkers.

SPORTING NOTES

"Australian Billy" Murphy's ring career is about at an end. He will soon sail for New Zealand and does not expect to return.

A well known English sporting writer says there is a dreadful disease now prevailing in that country called, "Sloane fever."

"Strangler" Evan Lewis has accepted the challenge of Bert Scheller, of Kansas City, to wrestle catch-as-catch can for \$250 a side.

A new idea for billiard tables is the introduction of a hollow metal cushion instead of the rubber affair which has been in vogue for many years.

Arthur Clarkson, the ex-pitcher, now owns a cigar and tobacco factory at Bay City, Mich. His brother John is there in the same line of business.

Cleveland "Press": "If old John Quinn could hit the ball as well as he can dig it out of the sand and get it to first, he would be able to name his own salary."

Boston has six pitchers, but Manager Selig only has faith in three of them—Nichols, Willis and Lewis. He is very doubtful about Klobedanz, and has little or no confidence in Streit and Hickman.

The "Wheel." The German War Department requires that all military cyclists shall have knowledge of their machines sufficient to take them apart and put them together again as well as knowing how to make any ordinary repairs. It is the idea of the officials to place the cycle section upon a practical basis and to prevent it possible, by these precautions, any delay on the march.

Vaseline as a lubricant for bearings is becoming popular, and not unreasonably so. There is a mistaken impression, however, that it is necessary to take the machine to pieces to insert the vaseline. Such is not the case, all that is necessary being that the vaseline shall be heated in any kind of suitable receptacle. When it becomes liquid it should be poured into the bearings. It not only lubricates, but forms a film around the cups which prevents the entrance of dust.

AN INDUSTRY WHICH DESERVES SOME CREDIT FOR OUR PROSPERITY.

In the Last Packing Year 20,000,000 Hogs Passed Through the Western Establishments, Counting Out in 3,333,333,333 lbs. of Lard, Pork, Ribs and Hams.

It is decidedly unfair to an industry with which the name of Chicago is inseparably linked and to an animal whose rotund and bristly back bears no small share of the burden of western economy to attribute all credit for the country's financial salvation to the wheat field and the corn field, says the Chicago Daily News.

No possible grouping of figures in respect to the yield, price and exports of grain is more striking and important in accounting for the great economic advance of the agricultural classes than the statistics of the hog industry are.

It is true that the country enjoyed an unusually large yield of wheat and corn for which greatly advanced prices were received. But consider the hog! In the packing year, which ended this spring, 20,000,000 hogs passed through western establishments and came out in 3,333,333,333 1-3 pounds of lard, pork, ribs and hams. No such figures were ever before presented as a result of a single year's hog manufacture in this country. The largest previous total was in the year 1895-97, when 17,000,000 hogs were packed in the west, yielding 2,812,000,000 pounds of product. For the hogs packed in the last year \$175,000,000 was paid, an increase of \$40,000,000 over the cost of the hogs packed in the preceding year. In the last calendar year 1,453,000,000 pounds of hog product were exported, against 1,183,000,000 pounds in the preceding year—last year's total being the largest ever recorded. And the exports so far in this calendar year have been as good as over the year. The treasury department report for April shows \$53,800,000 worth of hog products exported in the four months of 1895, which compares with \$98,600,000 worth of breadstuffs and \$87,800,000 worth of cotton. That is, the exports of hog products equaled 54 per cent. of the grain and flour exports and 60 per cent. of the cotton exports.

And this increased production and sale of hog products has gone on in conjunction with a rise in price relatively as important as that which has taken place in the wheat and corn markets. King corn and king cotton and king wheat are entitled to due praise, but do not overlook the imperial hog.

Guam, the Forbidden.

The developments of war have brought into the possession of the United States the Spanish islands of the Ladrone, just to the eastward of the Philippines, and the end has arrived for a maritime fiction long held in honor in all ports of Asia and Australia. Every year thousands of vessels clear at custom houses for Guam, yet none ever goes there—none, in fact, ever meant to go there. Guam has always seemed such a legal fiction that few have ever taken thought that there is such a place, and fewer yet have investigated the reason why it is a maritime Tom Tiddler's ground.

When a ship clears for a certain place it must go to that place by the shortest route of sailing, gale and wreck excepted, and any failure calls for an explanation. Yet there often arise cases where it is of advantage not to declare the port of destination; it may be that a skipper may avoid being bothered with a mail, or it may be that business rivalry seeks to conceal some point of good trade. In such cases the vessel clears for Guam, and sails away to its secret destination. Although there is a Guam upon the charts the vessels which have cleared for it never lay a course in its direction, and the law is none the less satisfied. How it is possible that Guam can be such a port is based on the old traditions of Spanish exclusiveness in the Indies, both East and West. It has only been as a result of superior force that the Spaniards have opened the Indies to trade, and this century was well advanced before the last of the old restrictions was removed. By some chance the Ladrone were not included, and in accordance with the laws of the Indies every vessel calling there without Spanish leave is forfeited. The penalty of the law has not been exacted for many years, but the existence of the law has made possible the legal fiction of clearing for Guam.

As soon as the American forces took possession of this archipelago the laws of the Indies ceased to have effect, and Guam lost its peculiar distinction.

Railroad in Arctic Zone.

A railway is projected to extend entirely across Northern Sweden and Norway from the northern end of the Gulf of Finland to Ofoten on the Atlantic, about 120 miles north of the Arctic circle. A part of the route is formed by an old line built for carrying iron ore, and Sweden proposes to extend it 148 miles to the Norwegian border at a point only twenty-five miles from Ofoten. At the other end of the new line is to connect with a line in Finland, down the east coast to the Gulf of Finland, from the Finnish border to Ofoten; the length of the line will be just 300 miles. The Swedish line is estimated to cost about \$1,200,000, and it is to be built largely for strategic reasons.

A Machine to Clean Carpets.

Carpets can be cleaned without removing them from the floor by a new machine which has metal strips set inside a casing to beat the carpet as the cleaner runs over the floor, a fan being mounted in the top of the casing to draw the dust into a water compartment which has an air passage covered by a moistened screen to retain the dust particles.

A Smart Tennessee Woman.

A Tennessee woman has patented a thread holder and cutter for spoils, consisting of a clamping band to engage the end flange of the spool, provided with a flat spring on its outer face, with a cutting blade at one end, the end of the thread being held under the spring to prevent it from unwinding.

Sniff—Well, how do you like living in Chicago?

Snarl—Oh! just middlin'. The fly got in our wheat, and the dry weather is fairly raisin' Cain. There's a meetin' at the City Hall next week to discuss some plan to irrigate the South side.

A Royal Bengal Tiger Kept Everyone on Board at Bay.

An English nobleman was the owner of a superb royal Bengal tiger of size and appearance really majestic. Not caring to keep the creature long, he sold him for a large price to the famous zoological gardens at Antwerp. Some time afterward the director of the "zoo" received a frantic message from the captain of a ship which had just come into the harbor, saying that he had on board a tiger consigned to the director, but that the animal had several days before escaped from his cage and was at large on the deck. The captain had succeeded in getting a sort of barricade erected across the deck, so that the sailors could go about and do other necessary work. But the whole ship's company was under the terror of the animal.

The director went with all haste to the water side, and saw in the distance the ship, which was, indeed, bringing to him the splendid tiger of the British lord. But the tiger was in charge of the ship rather than the reverse. He could be seen pacing the deck in a superb and lordly way that indicated the consciousness of possession. Not a man was to be seen on board.

The director had the ship brought up to the wharf. The tide was low and the deck was so far below the level of the wharf that there seemed to be no danger of the tiger escaping to land. The director got into communication with the captain through a port hole, and was informed by him that men had been regularly sent aloft to let down meat to the tiger by a rope so that the beast was actually gorged with food. Nothing but over-feeding had kept the tiger from falling on some horses which were stabled on the deck, but the poor horses were in a place where no one dared to go to them, and had neither food nor water for several days.

The director and his assistants rigged a sort of cage or box with a drop door held up by a string, which they lowered to the deck of the ship, having first furnished it with tempting bits of fresh meat. But the tiger, after sniffing at these from the outside of the trap, walked contemptuously away. He did not want anything to eat.

Meantime the director said to the captain: "Why didn't you shoot the tiger rather than endanger the lives of your men?"

The captain laughed. "We should have been glad enough to shoot him," he said, "but we have no firearms on board."

The director was determined now to get the tiger off alive if he could. He drew up the trap and baited it with other sorts of provisions, but the tiger refused to go near them. A long time was spent in ineffectual attempts to coax the tiger into the trap. Meantime the tide rose, bringing the deck of the vessel almost up to the level of the wharf. The crowd took to flight. In a few minutes the beast could easily leap ashore. The prospect of having a royal Bengal tiger loose in the streets of Antwerp caused the police to warn the director that the animal must very soon be shot.

The director was at his wit's end, but a small street boy helped him out of the emergency by a very simple suggestion. "This boy, who had not taken flight with the rest, said: "The tiger isn't hungry, but perhaps he might be thirsty."

The suggestion was acted on instantly. A tub of water was placed in the cage and lowered to the deck. No sooner did the tiger, who had had no water for some time, see the tub than he rushed into the trap and began drinking eagerly. Then the door was dropped and he was a prisoner.

Interesting Squibs.

Cloth of a pink tint is used in Russia to cover the coffin of a child or young person, crimson for a woman, and brown for a widow. In no case is black used.

A subterranean lake of hot water has been found near Boise City, Idaho. It is four hundred feet below the earth's surface, and the average temperature is one hundred and seventy degrees.

It is said that cowbells are produced only in four factories in the United States, and are made just the same as they were 100 years ago, and sound the same.

Still Use For Tinder Box and Flint.

The tinder box and flint are by no means to be accounted things of the past. Their manufacture is still carried on in the village of Brandon, on the borders of Norfolk and Suffolk. The work is done in little sheds, often situated at the back of the townsfolk's cottages, a large demand for this primitive form of lighting being created by hot, damp climates, such as Arica, where matches cannot possibly be kept.

A Machine to Clean Carpets.

Carpets can be cleaned without removing them from the floor by a new machine which has metal strips set inside a casing to beat the carpet as the cleaner runs over the floor, a fan being mounted in the top of the casing to draw the dust into a water compartment which has an air passage covered by a moistened screen to retain the dust particles.

A Smart Tennessee Woman.

A Tennessee woman has patented a thread holder and cutter for spoils, consisting of a clamping band to engage the end flange of the spool, provided with a flat spring on its outer face, with a cutting blade at one end, the end of the thread being held under the spring to prevent it from unwinding.

IMPORTANT INFLUENCE IT WOULD HAVE ON LAKE TRAFFIC.

A Cut of Fourteen Miles at an Expense of \$5,500,000 Which Would Save Seventy-nine Miles—Recent Development of Commerce Throughout Lake System.

The prospects for the construction of the St. Clair and Erie ship canal in the near future have recently attracted a good deal of attention among business and shipping men. It is stated, upon what is believed to be good authority, that within a year operations will be begun. Two years' work would be required in any case before the canal could be completed and opened for traffic. The purpose of this canal is to shorten materially the sailing distance between Lake St. Clair and Lake Erie and to afford a deep, safe and direct channel in place of the present unsatisfactory, tortuous and dangerous one through the Detroit River.

Leaving the old course in Lake St. Clair at a point about five miles from the foot of the St. Mary's River, the proposed course strikes southeast directly across Lake St. Clair in a bee line for Cleveland. It cuts through the low-lying neck of land which separates Lake St. Clair from Lake Erie and debouches into the latter at a point about sixty miles easterly of the usual route through the Detroit River. This low-lying land forms the southwestern extremity of Ontario. In general conformation it resembles somewhat the Iberian peninsula. Lake St. Clair taking the place of the Bay of Biscay and Lake Erie of the Mediterranean.

In this view the St. Clair Canal would be a counterpart of the long-projected Bordeaux-Mediterranean Canal.

The direct saving in distance would be seventy-nine miles. The actual cutting necessary is about fourteen miles, and the expense of constructing the canal is estimated by the engineers at about \$5,500,000. The management believes that a toll of three cents a ton on the freight, which may reasonably be expected to pass through this channel upon its completion, would justify the outlay for construction and repay all expenses of interest and management. If two-thirds of the tonnage now passing Detroit should avail itself of the advantages of the canal the tolls would meet these anticipations. At the rate mentioned it is not apparent why all the through traffic now passing Detroit would not take the new route. That portion of the thousand-mile journey to the seaboard to be rendered more safe by the proposed canal is passed over by all through or long distance traffic, for the tonnage passing through the Detroit River has always served with approximate accuracy to gauge the development of commerce throughout the whole system. Thus, for example, in 1889 the cargo tonnage carried through the Detroit River in American vessels (and exclusive of that carried in Canadian vessels) was 19,717,860 tons, while the shipments from all American lake ports aggregated but 25,027,308 tons.

The proposed construction in this new link in the chain of magnificent waterways which connect Duluth, Chicago, and other western lake ports with the tide water again calls attention to the enormous growth of the lake marine in recent years, its steady and continuous advance, and the recent improvements both in the vessels themselves and in the facilities of docking, loading and unloading. The magnitude of this commerce, as demonstrated by the accurate official reports now kept for a considerable series of years, while well known to shipping men and to most residents of the lakeside cities, is a well recognized cause of surprise and astonishment to the great bulk of otherwise well informed Americans, to say nothing of foreigners whose ignorance of the trade demands of our country might more readily admit of excuse. To take the figures of this commerce for the last ten years only, and omit amounts smaller than one million tons, we find that in 1887 the registered tonnage passing through the Detroit River amounted to about 18,000,000 tons. Advancing each year in a steady growth by one or two million tons, this tonnage amounted in the year 1892 to 26,000,000, at which it now stands. The enormous extent of this business is more readily appreciated when one is reminded that these figures indicate a tonnage four times as great as that which passes through the Suez Canal, twice as great as the combined tonnage of the ports of London and Liverpool, and double the entrances and clearances at the port of New York. This, too, is for the annual shipping season of eight or nine months at most, while the Suez Canal and the English ports are open all the year around.

Not alone in regard to the amount of tonnage now employed is the record a marvellous one. The character of the tonnage has undergone within a decade a most wonderful change for the better. Steam has been substituted for canvas altogether and steel ships for wooden. It is believed that nowhere in the world can steel ships now be built more cheaply than in the lakeside shipyards. The only reasonable limit placed upon length is that established by the necessity of steering the vessel through crooked channels, and the principal existing limitation of loading depth is fixed by the shoals met with in the Detroit River and in the western end of Lake Erie. Were all obstacles to free navigation removed the vessels now building would adopt the dimensions of ocean vessels. In 1863 the average size of sailing vessels on the lakes was 158 gross tons, ten years later it had increased to 209 tons, and twenty years later to 258 tons.

One of Them Was Composed to Fit Both North and South.

There never was a better marching, fighting song than "Marching Through Georgia," but the conditions that made it impressive have passed away, or if they haven't they are merely painful, and the song cannot survive. "The Battle Cry of Freedom" was another song inspired by the Civil War, but it is only a reminder of evil days, and the "Bonnie Blue Flag" of the South is burned with it. "Dixie" comes up to our ears once in a while, like the mock tragedy of a low comedian.

One of the most beautiful war poems of the South was "My Maryland." Men have wept to go into battle after hearing it. It was written by James K. Randolph, a native of Baltimore. He was a professor of English literature in Poydras College, Louisiana, in 1861, when he read of the march of the Massachusetts troops through his native city. The subject preyed on his mind, and in the middle of the night he got out of bed, lighted a candle and wrote "Maryland, My Maryland."

It is said Julia Ward Howe wrote "Battle Hymn of the Republic" under conditions not very dissimilar. It was in 1861, just after the first battle of Bull Run. She was in Washington, and the disastrous defeat of McDowell by Beauregard and Joe Johnston preyed on her mind. One evening, after she had witnessed a review of the Army, she retired early, but the subject of the war kept her from going to sleep. Words of the hymn framed themselves in her mind, and lest they might slip from her she arose and jotted them down. Those words nearly made her famous.

Going back to the last century, "Hail Columbia" was inspired by our troubles with France in 1793 although it is classed with the ballads of the Revolution and was first sung at the Chestnut Street Theatre in Philadelphia.

None of the songs of the revolutionary war except "Yankee Doodle" survives. Francis Scott Key's thrilling composition is all that remains of the conflict of 1812-15.

Then conquer we must, for our cause it is just, And this be our motto: "In God we trust."

And the star spangled banner in triumph shall wave, O'er the land of the free and the home of the brave.

Two of the first ballads written after the firing on Fort Sumter were William Cullen Bryant's "Our Country's Call" for the North, and Henry Timrod's "A Cry to Arms" for the South. Bryant's began thus:

Lay down the ax, fling by the spade, Leave in its track the toiling plow, The rifle and the bayonet blade, For arms like yours were fitter now.

Timrod's began something like this:

Leave barn and byre, leave kin and cot, Lay down the bloodless spade: Let desk and case and counter rot, And burn your books of trade?

The doggerel about "John Brown's Body" was frequently sung upon the march by the soldiers, as was "Marching Along," which was written by William R. Bradbury as a tribute to General McClelland. The name of the leader was changed from time to time to accord with the facts.

"When This Cruel War is Over" had a well sustained popularity during the war of 1861-65, a riddle that could not be read by the help of anything in the sentimental lines. The song had no poetic merit, its rhythm was commonplace and the tune to which it was sung was of the flimsiest musical structure, without even a trick of melody to recommend it. Yet it was more frequently sung North and South than any other. The Southern soldiers inserting "gray" for the "blue" at the end of the sixth line of the first stanza—with cheerful recklessness of its effect upon the rhyme. This thing was heard in every camp every day and at all hours of the day. Men chanted it on the march and women sang it at home and it was sung till the very last day of the war.

Why Cannibals Eat Human Flesh.

According to a French writer named Petrie, whose conclusions are quoted in the Medical News, 20 per cent of all cannibals eat the dead in order to glorify them; 19 per cent eat great warriors in order that they may inherit their courage, and eat dead children in order to renew their youth; 10 per cent partake of their near relatives from religious motives, either in connection with initiatory rites or to glorify deities, and 7 per cent feast for hatred in order to avenge themselves upon their enemies. Those who devour human flesh because of famine are reckoned as 18 per cent. In short, deducting all these, there remains only a proportion of 24 per cent who partake of human flesh because they prefer it to other food.

Some Famous Diamonds.

Large diamonds are not exactly a drug on the market. There are only a few which are world-known, the Orloff of Russia and the Grand Duke of Tuscany. In the Austrian collection, being especially noted. There are only nine diamonds known whose weight exceeds 200 carats, about twenty more weigh more than 100 carats. The celebrated Braganza diamond of Brazil, if it is a diamond, is the biggest in the world, weighing 1,680 carats, and worth several millions, but experts are of the opinion it is a topaz of fine quality instead of a diamond.

Southern Division

PORTSMOUTH R.R.

(Winter Arrangement, Oct. 3, 1895)

Leave the following stations for Massena Concord and intermediate stations—  
Portsmouth, 5.30 a. m., 12.45, 5.35 p. m.  
Greenland Village, 8.25 a. m., 12.54, 5.35 p. m.  
Rockingham Junction, 9.05 a. m., 1.07, 5.50 p. m.  
Epping, 9.22 a. m., 1.21, 6.02 p. m.  
Raymond, 9.32 a. m., 1.32, 6.12 p. m.

Returning Leave

Concord, 7.45, 10.25 a. m., 3.30 p. m.  
Manchester, 8.30, 11.10 a. m., 4.50 p. m.  
Raymond, 9.20, 11.40 a. m., 5.40 p. m.  
Epping, 9.52 a. m., 12.00, 6.15 p. m.  
Rockingham Junction, 9.47 a. m., 12.17, 6.35 p. m.  
Greenland Village, 10.01 a. m., 12.31, 6.50 p. m.

Trains connect at Rockingham Junction for Exeter, Haverhill, Lawrence and Boston. Trains connect at Manchester and Concord for Plymouth, Woodville, Lancaster, St. Johnbury, Newport, Vt.; Montreal and the west.

Eastern Division

TRAINS LEAVE PORTSMOUTH for

Boston, 5.50, 7.30, 8.15, 10.35, a. m., 2.21, 5.00, 7.28 p. m. Returning, 7.28, 9.50, 10.10, 12.30, 2.30, 4.45, 7.00, 9.15 p. m. Sun. days, 4.30, 8.20 a. m., 6.40, 7.30 p. m.  
Portland 5.55, 10.45 a. m., 2.45, 8.30, 9.30 p. m. Sundays, 10.45 a. m., 3.55 p. m. Returning, 2.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.45, 6.00 p. m. Sunday 2.00 a. m., 12.45 p. m.  
Somersworth and Rochester, 9.45, 9.55, a. m., 2.40, 2.45, 5.30 p. m. Returning, Leave Somersworth, 6.35, 7.32, 10.01 a. m., 4.55, 6.50 p. m.; Leave Rochester, 7.19, 9.47 a. m., 2.50, 5.25 p. m. Sundays, 7.50 a. m.  
North Conway, 9.45 a. m., 2.45 p. m. Returning, 7.25 a. m., 4.15 p. m.  
Dover, 4.50, 9.45 a. m., 12.30, 2.40, 5.32, 8.38 p. m. Sundays, 8.50, 10.48 a. m., 8.37 p. m. Returning, 6.50, 10.24 a. m., 1.35, 4.30, 6.3, 9.32 p. m. Sundays, 7.30 a. m., 9.28 p. m.

GOVERNMENT FERRY

TIME TABLE.

Leave Navy yard—8.00, 8.30, 8.45, 9.15, 10.45, 11.45 a. m., 1.45, 2.30, 3.00, 4.00, 4.45, 5.15, 7.30 p. m. (Wednesdays and Saturdays), Sundays, 9.45, 10.15 a. m., 12.10, 12.30 p. m. Holiday 9.30, 10.30, 11.30 a. m.

Leave Portsmouth—9.10, 9.30, 9.50, 9.55, 11.00 a. m., 12.15, 1.35, 2.15, 3.30, 4.20, 5.5



# SHIRT WAISTS

ARE NOW READY.

PIQUE, PERCALE, GINGHAM  
AND CALICO.

Prices 50 Cents to \$3.00.

LEWIS E. STAPLES,

7 Market Street.

## THE ORIENT Guarantee

"We agree with the purchaser of each ORIENT bicycle to make good by repair or replacement when delivered at our factory during the current year, transportation prepaid, any imperfection or defect in material or manufacture of such bicycle, etc."

Compare this with the guarantee of any other wheel on the market.

LIGHT ROADSTER, \$50.00.

PHILBRICK'S  
BICYCLE STORE.

FRANKLIN BLOCK,  
Portsmouth, N. H.

## Stoddard's Stable

HAS BEEN FITTED OUT WITH  
NEW CARRIAGES.

You can get the handsomest and most comfortable turn-out in the state at

STODDARD'S.

NEW HACKS, FOR WEDDINGS AND  
OTHER PARTIES

TELEPHONE 1-2.

SALE AND LIVERY BUSINESS

FOR SALE OR  
TO RENT.

A very desirable two-story dwelling house of ten rooms situated in Newcastle, N. H., will be rented, furnished, for the season. Property has a good frontage on the harbor and is admirably situated for a summer home.

Price and other particulars may be obtained of J. M. McLean, Newcastle, or at

## TOBEY'S

Real Estate Agency,

32 Congress Street.

Portsmouth, N. H.

The scarcity and continued high price of Havana tobacco has had no effect on the quantity of

THE CELEBRATED

7-20-4

10 CENT CIGARS.

They have always maintained their high standard. Strictly hand-made Sumatra wrapper and long Havana filler. For sale by all first-class dealers

At Wholesale in Portsmouth by

FRED S. WENDALL, J. H. SWETT,  
Deer and Market Sts. Bridge St.

R. C. SULLIVAN,  
MANUFACTURER,  
Manchester, N. H.

## THE HERALD.

MONDAY, JUNE 19, 1899.

S. H. S. 19, P. H. S. 2.

Portsmouth High met a crushing defeat at the hands of the Somersworth High in the state interscholastic baseball series, at Central Park, Dover, Saturday afternoon. The score was nine runs to two, Tilley making the only runs for the local team.

Brown and Ball were the battery for Somersworth and it is understood that the game is to be protested on account of the latter's playing. He was taken from the team some weeks ago for the reason of his not being a pupil in the school but in order to play the series out, it is understood he returned to school in a lower grade. Tilley and Brown were the battery for the Portsmouth boys for six innings and then Gardner went in and pitched the other three innings.

### ARRESTED IN LYNN.

Four young men who gave their names as Spinney, Brewster, Berry and Johnson were arrested in Lynn on Sunday for walking on the railroad track where they were warned not to. They said they resided on Water street in this city. It seems they left here to take in the celebration in Charlestown Saturday and spending all their money started to walk home. They took the railroad track and were arrested and held by the Lynn police.

### HUSTLING MEN HERE TO SNIFF OUR REFRESHING SALT AIR.

Hon. A. W. Sulloway of Franklin; General F. S. Streeter, Hon. C. T. Means, G. A. Ozeldam, Percy H. Dow, of Manchester, dined at the Rockingham Saturday evening. They went to York in the evening where they joined Clarence Egerly, W. P. Sargent and G. F. Bosher and remained over Sunday. They comprise a delegation of hustling business men known all over the state.

### STEAM YACHT DISABLED.

The steam yacht Helen, owned by Boston and with a party of a dozen ladies and gentlemen on board, was towed into the lower harbor Sunday afternoon in a disabled condition by the steamer Viking. The accident, which was to her machinery, happened near the Shoals and the crew, after considerable difficulty, got a line to the Viking, and she was towed in, tying at one of the South end wharves.

### CARD-HOBBS.

Mr. Joseph E. Card of Newcastle and Miss Elizabeth A. Hobbs of Kittery Point were married at the home of the bride on Saturday afternoon, Rev. Mr. Emmons performing the ceremony. Mr. George E. Hobbs of South Berwick officiated as best man and his daughter, Miss Ride, was maid of honor. Mr. and Mrs. Card left on the afternoon train for the east on a short honeymoon.

### OCEAN EXCURSION.

A crowd of two hundred enjoyed the ocean trip on the steamer Viking on Sunday afternoon. It was a delightful day for a sail, only a trifle cool. The boat left the wharf at two o'clock and after running around the Isles of Shoals landed at Star Island where the excursionists enjoyed an hour sight-seeing. The party arrived back shortly after six o'clock.

### CHILDREN'S DAY.

Sunday was children's day at the Methodist church and services especially appropriate and interesting to the little ones were held. Rev. William Warren, the pastor, preached to the children in the morning and in the evening a sacred concert and entertainment was given by the Sunday school.

### ADMIRAL SAMPSON TO CONTINUE IN COMMAND.

Secretary Long has denied the story that Admiral Sampson was to retire from the command of the North Atlantic fleet in July. He will continue until fall, if not longer.

### A FRIGHTFUL BLUNDER.

Will often cause a horrible burn, Scald, Cut or Bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures Old Sores, Fever Sores, Ulcers, Blisters, Fomies, Corns, all skin eruptions. Best cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by Globe Grocery Co.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if anyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Purifiers regulate the stomach and bowels.

BRECKIN'S PILLS cure sick headache

## COMPANY A OFF FOR CAMP.

Turned Out With Full Ranks  
Today.

Encampment Will Probably Be Banned  
One In Brigade's History.

Company A turned out with full ranks today to go into camp at the state camp ground in Concord with the rest of the New Hampshire National guard. This is the twenty-second annual five days' tour of duty.

Company A left Portsmouth at 5 o'clock this morning on a special train, going around by Dover to pick up Company F. Thence the train went to Rochester and up over the Lake Shore road, down through Lacota. Concord was reached about 7 o'clock.

The tents to be used this year are all claimed to be new. They have been lately purchased by the adjutant general, Mr. Ayling. He has been busy for the past two months issuing new and second-hand uniforms and equipments.

The only innovation this year, as far as can be learned, lies in the work of the medical department, which will be made up of men detailed from each company, who will be excused from all other duty. These men will receive their instructions from the medical officers of the three regiments, and all work will be supervised by the brigade surgeon, Major Henry H. Jewell.

The brigade headquarters and the three regimental headquarters will be ready for occupation tonight. Governor Rollins and staff and Brigadier-General Tolles and staff will go into camp tonight, although the Governor will not go officially until Tuesday.

Officers and men are all looking forward and expect to make this the banner encampment of the brigade.

Guard will be mounted each day at 1.30, the same as last year, and in addition to the general guard a regimental guard will be mounted in the 3d, as this innovation proved an excellent thing for the encampment in 1897. Governor's day is Thursday and the review will take place promptly at 4 o'clock that afternoon. Camp will be broken Friday afternoon.

It is estimated that nearly 33 1-3 per cent of the men who were in the 12 companies of the 1st New Hampshire volunteers remained in the national guard after the 3d regiment and the four companies of the other two regiments resumed their old places in the state militia, so that for this reason alone this encampment should be one of the most beneficial ever had.

Instead of having everything in readiness when the troops arrive, as has been the custom in previous encampments, the companies pitched their own tents this year upon their arrival.

### CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.

Richard J. Foley of Newburyport, Mass., city editor of the Newburyport News, met with a bad accident Friday evening on Lafayette road, about three miles out of the city. In company with J. E. Graham of the same city, he was riding home, when a wheel broke and both men were thrown to the ground. Graham escaped without injury, but Foley in trying to save himself put out his right hand when he struck, sustaining a dislocated wrist and a compound dislocation of the middle and index fingers, the bones being driven through the flesh. The injured man was brought to this city Saturday morning and the dislocations reduced, but the physician believes he will lose his hand.

### CLASS PICNIC.

The graduating class of the Whipple school in charge of Principal Mitchell, enjoyed a basket picnic at Jenness' beach on Saturday. They went down in McCue's hayrack, which was all decorated with ribbons and streamers of the class colors, purple and gold. They were a jolly lot.

### SHALL WE BE IN IT?

A movement is on foot to organize a baseball league comprising Rochester, Somersworth, Sanford, Portsmouth, Farmington and Milton. A meeting of all these interested will be held at the Kimball house in Dover this Monday evening.

### THROWN FROM HER WHEEL.

Mrs. Thomas W. Bowen of this city was thrown from her wheel on the Wentworth House bridge Sunday and received a severe sprain to her left ankle. She was brought to this city by Mr. Daniel Heron and the injury dressed by Dr. Junkins.

## CITY BRIEFS.

I wish I was in Zuluoland. Where styles for summer clothes run to brass rings on the hand and dith in the nose. —Philadelphia North American.

Ad up for camp.

This is graduation week.

This will be a good year year.

Churches were well attended yesterday.

York Beach was a lively place on Sunday.

It looks like a dull bicyclist season for this city.

The cars to York beach were crowded yesterday.

Yesterday was an ideal day for the wheelmen.

The summer girl is beginning to have her feelings.

Jane roses were never handsomer or more plentiful.

Laurel gatherers were much in evidence yesterday.

Many churches were decorated with laurels yesterday.

Concord will have many Portsmouth visitors this week.

Court Rockingham of Foresters elects officers this evening.

John Harrington was arrested this morning for being drunk.

The ceilings and walls of the police station are being repainted.

The Rye extension of the Portsmouth line will make a delightful ride.

Quite a number of people from this city went to Hampton on Sunday.

The City band put in some more earnest practice Saturday evening.

It is rumored that a hotel change is to take place in town within a few days.

The big ocean steamer Cumberland, from Baltimore, came into port this morning.

The advance guard of the vacationists has already left home and others are following daily.

If you are going on a trolley ride take along a pocket full of Dowd's Honest Ten Cent cigars.

Some miscreant threw a rock through one of the windows in the Methodist church on Sunday.

The "S. G." Londres is made of the choicest stock and is the best ten cent cigar in the market.

The Viking failed to break the drought and a York basket maker is trying his luck today.

The labor bureau has sent out the Old Home week stamps, two hundred of their letters being so adorned on Friday.

The Exeter and Amesbury electric railway people worked on Sunday on their extension to Little Bear's Head.

Have your shoes repaired by John W. Mott, 34 Congress street. Satisfaction guaranteed. Hand sewed work a specialty.

The Amoskeag Veterans of Manchester are to be entertained by Dr. Greene at The Weirs on June 30, and not next Friday.

Don't forget to examine the Spalding chainless bicycle. It is the best mechanically and easiest running chainless built. Try it.

The Portsmouth & Dover electric road people do not realize what they are missing in not getting their line through to Hampton.

There are days when news is scarcer than little drops of water in this year of '99, but you'll always find the Herald full of something readable.

The Miltons, who defeated Battery M so handsily Saturday, are to play Somersworth A. A. at Central Park on July 4 for a purse of sixty dollars.

In the Maine potato district the outlook is better, early varieties in general coming up and looking well. The same is true in New Hampshire and Vermont.

The shore resorts are beginning to take on signs of activity, and after the coming week, when the schools close, there will be nothing to keep the cottagers in town.

Now that we have had enough rain to revive the fainting fields everybody hopes for a week or two of beautiful June weather till the graduations and class days and class picnics are over.

Weddings have been plentiful during the past week, and a number are chronicled for the last half of the month. Most of these are quiet home weddings, there having been a dearth of large church weddings this season.

Lighthouse Inspector in Town

Commander Thomas Perry, U. S. S., Supt. of the 1st lighthouse district has been in this section the past three days with Commander James K. Cogswell, U. S. N., the inspector of the districts. The inspectors have recommended that a new and larger house be erected for the light keeper at Seavey's island.

Edgar's Your Bowels With Cassenette. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure constipation forever. 100, 250, 500 Cts. Cash, drug stores and money

## PERSONALS

George Pike of Lynn was in town to

Car.

Willis P. Vennard wheeled to Boston

Sunday.

Frank Wentworth of Beverly spent

Saturday in town.

J. Albert Walker came down from

Boston this morning.

Dwight Edgerly of Farmington was

in town on Saturday.

Mrs. J. Fullerton Shaw is visiting

her parent in this city.

Mr. Charles A. McDonald of Dover

passed Sunday in town.

Gay Corey is home from Dartmouth

college for a day or two.

Hon. Frank Jones is on a tour of the

northern part of the state.

Mr. Thomas F. Flanagan spent Sun

day with his family in town.

Prof. Deane of the New Hampshire

college was in the city today.

B. Fisher Eldridge and family are

stopping at the Rockingham.

Byron F. Staples was home from the

Boston Dental College Sunday.

Rear Admiral George C. Remy, U. S. N., has returned from New York.

Among the Dover men in town today

are H. Foster Elder and Frank Hayes.

Lawyer Frank Wright of Lowell has

been visiting his home here for several

days.

Mr. and Mrs. John Parkinson of

Lynn formerly of this city, passed

Sunday in town.

Benjamin Collins, Miss Augusta

Twombly and Plympton Brackett of

Dover were in town today.

Robert R. Palfrey, employed in the

wholesale house of S. S. Peirce & Co., of

Boston, passed Saturday and Sunday at

his home in this city.

James Goodrich of Myrtle street, who

in employed on the Charlestown

navy yard, passed Saturday and Sun

day with his family in this city.

Engene B. Eastman, a former student

of Dr. W. O. Junkins, has received

honors from McGill University at Mon

trreal being sixth in a class of 135.

Mrs. Eugenia Corbett of Northwest

street, who has been visiting friends in

Belfast and other towns in Waldo coun

ty, Me., returned to this city on Satur

day last.

Dr. Frank Mason of Chicago, and Dr.

George Mason of Cambridge, Mass.,

with their wives, are visiting their

parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hosea Q. Mason, of

Islington street.

The wedding of Patrick F. Harvey and

Miss Bridget T. Lynch takes place to

morrow, Tuesday morning. The groom

is the well-known tonsorial artist at the

Rockingham house.

Mr. Arthur H. Wilson, the well-

known and popular clerk at the Granite

State Insurance company, left Saturday

for New York city where on Wednes

day his marriage to Miss F. Louise

Morris of that city takes place.

The following Portsmouth people

dined at Hotel Whittier at Hampton,

on Sunday: C. Wm. Taylor, Jr., M. F.

Shapleigh, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brought

ton, Col. and Mrs. A. F. Howard, Mr.

and Mrs. M. C. Foye, and Roy Foye.

The following members of the Port

smouth Athletic club registered at the

Leonie, Hampton beach, on Sunday:

A. P. Simpson, Charles P. Smith, W.

P. Vennard, Benjamin Burke, Fred

Jones, J. P. Conner, William Norton,

Edward Whitehouse, Fred Drew and

Fred Lydston.

## POLICE COURT.

Angie Callahan, whose place was

raided June 15, was arraigned before

Judge Emery this forenoon on the

mal, liquor charge. Lawyer Kelly was

his counsel. He pleaded not guilty,

but was fined \$17.90. He appealed,

and gave bail of \$100 for his appearance

at the October term.

Ben Brant, drunk, was fined \$10 and

costs. He was hustling for the money

this afternoon.

ENGINE AND DYNAMOS OF  
ELECTRIC STREET RAILWAY  
START.

The big electric dynamos and engines

at the Electric Street railway's power

house were started up this morning for

the first time. The machinery worked

to perfection and there is no possible

doubt about the cars starting on July

first.

LYONS WON THE CIGARS.

The candle pin roll off for a box o

perfectos at the bowling alleys Satur

day evening was won by Jerry Lyons.

Mitchell was a good second. The

other contestants were W. Webb, Frank